

# THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. XI.—NO. 14.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1899

\$1.50 PER ANNUM

## MAMMOTH SLAUGHTER SALE!

**Spot Cash** talks everywhere, but with us it talks so loud that its echo should be heard by every person in Moose Jaw and surrounding country. Our stock is much too large to try to enumerate even in a very meagre way. We can only give a faint idea of a very few of our very many great bargains. Now here are bargains never before heard of:

**Bargains!**

Fifty window shades, former price 90c. to \$1.00, to clear them out you can have your choice for **Fifty Cents.**

Sixty-eight pairs men's boots and shoes, former price \$1.50 to \$1.75, the whole lot to be cleared out at **One Dollar.**

Thirty men's tweed suits, former price from \$7.00 to \$10.00, marked to be cleared out at **Five Dollars.**

Three hundred and fifty pounds of tea, former price 35c. per pound, to clear it out we will sell it for **Twenty-Five Cents.**

**Bargains!**

Twelve cases Laundry soap, former price four bars for 25c., we are clearing it out at **7 Bars for Twenty-Five Cents.**

Large assortment of prints, former price 12½ to 15c. per yard, all thrown together at **Eight Cents per Yard.**

Hardware is going up, so the manufacturers say, and correctly so; but we are selling it out at the **Manufacturers' Old Prices.**

## M. J. MacLeod.

A visit to the store will prove what we say to be absolutely correct in every respect and will greatly benefit you.

## Very Important Announcement!

READ THIS THROUGH!  
IT MUST INTEREST YOU!

It's all about new, first quality, up to-date goods! We are putting it very mild when we state that we have opened up and placed for the accommodation of the buying public the very finest, largest and best selected stock of fall and winter goods in Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Gents' Furnishings, Gloves and Mitts, Furs, Etc. ever brought to the west. We feel so confident as to quality, up-to-dateness and price of our goods that we challenge comparison with any store in the west both as to variety, style, quality and price. By our close attention to business, good buying, always keeping in stock the exact requirements of the trade, selling very best quality of goods at lowest possible prices; we have gained the top step of the ladder and to-day have the enviable reputation of having the leading and most up-to-date store in the west. This reputation we mean to hold just as long as we are in business.

### Perfect-fit Clothing!

Our new stock of clothing this fall is immense. We give our own guarantee for it being equal to any tailor made clothing and guarantee perfect fit and satisfaction in every way or money refunded.

### Up-to-Date Furs!

Our wide spread reputation for high class furs is too well known to need any puffing. Our stock is now complete. As usual we will make a speciality of ladies order-to-measure jackets. We would advise early buying as first selection is always superior.

### Underclothing, Etc.

We are showing a larger range than ever in underclothing. We have fleece lined in cotton, wool and silk fleece. This class of goods for warmth, comfort and durability are unsurpassed. Very special prices in gloves, mitts, etc. Prices lower than the lowest.

## M. J. MacLEOD'S Up-to-Date Clothing Store.

**B. CAREY** **FALL** **MILLINERY** **B. CAREY**  
**OPENING.**

## TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6TH,

We purpose opening this season's business on the above mentioned days by making a very rich display of all that is new and fashionable in

Millinery, Dress Goods,  
Silks, Mantles, and  
Furs.

Our entire stock is as up-to-date as ever, and will in every line support the reputation that this store has for high-class goods. Don't fail to visit the store during the opening days.

-- **FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 6TH,** --

the store will be open from eight to ten o'clock, when we will have the band in attendance. You are cordially invited to visit the store during this evening, as the display will then be at its best.

N. B.—Our big stock of FURS is now open for inspection.

## B. CAREY.

## APPLES! APPLES! APPLES!

The Model Grocery Store's car load of apples is expected to arrive on Monday next, and will be delivered from the car at \$4.00 per barrel. The car includes all the varieties and we give our guarantee with each barrel. Those who have not left their order already should call at once, as they will not last long at this price, and an advance is in sight.

J. J. & A. McLEAN.

Get your groceries at the "Model Grocery Store."

## R. L. SLATER,

Fine Merchant  
Tailoring.

A complete line of.....

IMPORTED WOOLLENS

—AND—

GENT'S FURNISHINGS,  
Just Arrived.

BY RAIL, STAGE, LAKE, WAGHORN'S GUIDE

### MOUNTED RIFLES.

Major-General Hutton Explains His Plan to a Moose Jaw Delegation—A Corps For Moose Jaw.

In a recent issue we mentioned that steps were being taken for the establishment of a permanent rifle corps at Moose Jaw and those desiring to join were asked to send in their names. Since that time Major-General Hutton has proposed the formation of a regiment of Mounted Rifles, consisting of a battalion in Manitoba and one in the North-West Territories. The Moose Jaw Rifle Association, noting that the General was passing through our town, wrote asking for information respecting the above mentioned corps, and receiving a message to the effect that General Hutton would be pleased to meet those interested in the proposed Mounted Rifles on Thursday evening while the train waited here, the Executive Committee, of the M. J. R. A. appointed Messrs. Stuart, Green, Munus, Smith and Rutherford as a deputation to wait on General Hutton and gain information respecting the proposed regiment, upon the arrival of the train. After introduction had been made, the General briefly outlined the force he hoped to establish, and there should be no difficulty in forming in the town and district a troop, or even two, of young men, who would benefit by the training and the spirit of patriotism that would be engendered. The plan outlined may be quoted from the Montreal Star, to whose correspondent the Major-General said:—

"I am going out chiefly in connection with the plan referred to in my report of organizing a North-West regiment. At present the North-West Territories contribute nothing to the Federal army. I do not use the word militia; it has got beyond that now, and is a national body. Now, one of the first duties of citizenship is to take part in the protection and defence of your country; and at present the North-West does nothing towards that. I am going to provide them with the means of fulfilling this duty of citizenship. That is my primary object. Then as to the formation of this corps. It will be a mounted corps, and thus will give an impetus to the horse trade. There will be troops every here and there, and the young fellows, the pick of the country, will come down to training and will bring two or three horses with them. During the training they will have their polo and steeplechases, etc., and at the end a sale. The horses will have a certain value, as being examined and

passed for service. Then again it will be a means of obtaining horses fitted for the Imperial service."

It is the intention of the M. J. R. A. to open lists for those desirous of joining, so that time may be saved when the Mounted Rifles become an established fact. Information will be gladly furnished by any member of the deputation.

### CAPITAL VS. LABOR.

300 C.P.R. Machinists Go out on Strike on Wednesday.

There is another struggle on between capital and labor, and one of the reasons is the refusal of the former to recognize the organization of the latter.

Some months ago, owing to cuts made in their wages, the machinists employed at the different divisional points along the C.P.R. between Fort William and Vancouver, formed themselves into a brotherhood, drew up a schedule of wages and regulations, and asked the company to recognize them as a railway brotherhood. Deputations waited upon Master Mechanic Cross, but could get no satisfaction, the company refusing to deal with the committee. The men therefore went out on strike Wednesday morning, and as this is the busiest time of the year, their action will seriously effect traffic operations.

The machinists have a strong organization, and their international president, Douglas Wilson, of Washington, is now en route to Winnipeg. He will address a mass meeting there on Friday evening and also one on Sunday afternoon. A general committee, representing the men all along the C.P.R. main line is now in the city and will direct the conduct of the strike. The committee includes Bill Hardy, Winnipeg, president; W. McLean, Vancouver, vice-president; J. M. Horne, Winnipeg, secretary; R. A. Pyne, Winnipeg; H. A. Baker, Medicine Hat; P. Vanerka, Fort William; J. Branchier, Rat Portage; D. McNichol, Moose Jaw; J. McLean, Revelstoke.

A charge of 50 cents will be made for insertion of notices under this head.

Yours—At Moose Jaw, on Sunday, Oct. 1st, to the wife of Geo. Young, of the C.P.R., a daughter.

Mr. Frank Grobb has moved into Mr. J. G. Beesley's new brick dwelling house on Fairford St.



## THE BOER ARTILLERY

### HEAVY FORCE OF GUNNERS SENT TO THE NATAL FRONTIER.

#### Military Trains Have Preference on Transvaal Lines—Rapid Assembling of Troops Surprising the Boers.

London, Oct. 1.—In a few words, the position as left by yesterday's cabinet council is that President Kruger has been given another chance and another council will be called next week, probably Tuesday, to give final consent to the dispatch which Lord Salisbury and Mr. Chamberlain are engaged in drafting and which will formulate the British demands.

The official statement that no information will be given respecting military movements, is interpreted to mean important movements are intended. The government is actively chartering transports in every direction. The exigencies of the transport service are likely to necessitate a too continued piecemeal embarkation of the troops.

A London friend of President Kruger has cabled advising him to accept the British proposals, as there is no desire on the part of England to take away Boer independence, and a failure to comply will mean war. To this President Kruger replied: "It is impossible to act on the lines desired without losing independence."

A special from Dundee, Natal, says: "The Boers are surprised at the rapid advances of the British troops over rocky ground. I have inspected De Gager's and Landman's drift. They are quite dry and the passage would be easy. I hear similar reports of two other drifts."

The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Charlestown, Natal: "Commandant General Joubert and his staff have arrived at Wakkerstroom, where 300 Boers are already assembled with artillery. A force of burghers were detained today about two miles from the Natal border."

London, Sept. 30.—The Pall Mall Gazette says it understands Chamberlain submitted a dispatch to the cabinet council today containing the following demands on the Transvaal:

1. Five years' franchise qualification without hampering conditions.
2. Municipal self-government at Johannesburg on a freely elected basis.
3. The separation of the judiciary from the executive and its independence of the volksraad.
4. The abolition of the dynamite monopoly.
5. The removal of the fort dominating Johannesburg, though the defenses at Pretoria may remain.
6. The teaching of the English language in the schools.

### FOOD AT FAMINE PRICES

At Darjeeling—Ida Villa Branch of Calcutta Girls' School Destroyed.

Calcutta, Sept. 30.—The weather is fine at Darjeeling, the scene of the recent disasters caused by earthquakes, floods and landslides. Everything is quiet, and all are doing their best to help the sufferers, but the food is nearly at famine prices. Many houses and tea factories have been left perched in dangerous positions. The military are at work clearing away the landslides.

The story of the destruction of the Ida Villa branch of the Calcutta girls' school, supported by the American Methodists, is related by Miss Stahl, who saved many of the children. A landslide compelled the occupants to leave the buildings, and Miss Stahl, guiding the children, commenced a perilous climb, finally gaining the Mall road. All the time rain was pouring down in torrents, the earth was shaking and the children were terrified. The blackness of the night, the falling boulders, the crashing of trees and fears of the earthquake finally compelled the party to return to the Ida Villa.

It is estimated that the loss is about \$5,000,000.

Queen Victoria, on hearing of the disaster, telegraphed her profound sympathy to the bereaved families.

### Shot Himself Accidentally.

Gravenhurst, Ont., Sept. 30.—Fred Shunter, of Glen Orchard, while out hunting shot a fox. Immediately after shooting he reloaded his rifle, but neglected to put down the hammer. He found the fox not quite dead and struck it a blow with the butt end of his gun, which discharged. The ball pierced his right hand and entered his right side, passing clean through his body, just below the heart. Although in great agony he managed to crawl to his home, a distance of about a quarter of a mile, but expired shortly afterwards. Deceased was about 52 years of age and leaves a widow and child.

### Godfrey Weir Arrested.

Montreal, Sept. 30.—Godfrey Weir, a director of the Bank Ville Marie, which suspended recently, was arrested yesterday. He will be charged along with the other directors, who will probably be arrested with having knowledge of certain forgeries in connection with the affairs of the bank.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—E. J. Brown lies a corpse in the morgue, while Mrs. Violet Holden, with whom he eloped from Toronto three weeks ago, is being cared for with children, at the Harrison street police station. Brown shot himself in the right temple in his room at the Queen's hotel. In his coat was found a letter in which he declared that he took his life because he could not bear to see his companions worry over their sin. It developed after the suicide that Mrs. Holden deserted a husband and four children, and Brown left a wife and three children.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Saturday, Sept. 30.

S. Wood, of Kelowna, Ont., committed suicide.

The Imperial copyright has been extended to Japan.

Chas. Hoskins was killed in a prize fight at Grass Valley, Cal.

Mr. D. W. McBurnie won the golf championship of Winnipeg.

The Orange Free State has ordered all absent burghers to return.

Lord Minto will be elected a chief of the St. Regis band of Indians.

Two threshing outfits in the Dauphin district were destroyed by fire.

Out of 1,460 ears of wheat, 1,113 graded No. 1 hard at Winnipeg.

The fighting in the Venezuelan insurrection has had no practical results.

Patelen paced a mile at Wichita, Kas., in 2:04 1-2, the swiftest mile of the year.

Nearly 250,000 bushels of wheat were delivered at C. P. R. elevators on Friday.

Fine samples of wheat, oats and barley, grown in Yukon, have been received in Winnipeg.

Directors Godfrey Weir, W. Weir and P. W. Smith, of the Bank Ville Marie, have been arrested.

Victoria McVicar, whose family were the first white settlers in the Port Arthur district, is dead.

Eleven passengers were drowned in the wreck of the Scotsman. The survivors have reached Quebec.

Hoboes seized a boxcar at the boundary and defied the trainmen to Grand Forks, where two were arrested.

The increase in Canada's trade for July and August this year over the same months a year ago is \$5,500,000.

Assistant Chief Judge, of Minneapolis, is one of the five selected from which to choose a fire chief for Winnipeg.

### NINE PASSENGERS DROWNED

At Belle Isle From the Scotsman—Eight Ladies and an Infant.

Rimouski, Oct. 1.—The first lifeboat, which left the Dominion line steamer Scotsman after she went ashore on Belle Isle, was swamped and the following were drowned, so far as known: Mrs. Robinson, of Toronto, and daughter, Mrs. Charles, Miss Street, of Montreal; Mrs. Dickinson, of Windsor, Ont.; Miss R. Weavers, Mrs. Talbot, Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Skeleton, the infant child of Mrs. Roberts. The drowning occurred about 2:30 a.m. last Friday. There were others drowned but their names have not been learned.

Quebec, Sept. 30.—Information from Rimouski indicates that the wreck of the Scotsman was accompanied by the most extraordinary incidents. The vessel's boat went ashore at 2 o'clock Friday morning, the first boat, loaded with women and children, swamped soon after it left the ship's side and all of the occupants were drowned.

Immediately after the vessel struck the stokers commenced the most barefaced robbery of the passengers, raking all the valuables they could lay their hands on. The passengers, who escaped, had the greatest difficulty in reaching a place of safety. They had to climb over rocks, for miles to reach the lighthouse. The food supply for four days was of the scantiest. The passengers lost everything they possessed.

From later information it appears that the stokers, who were a scotch lot owing to the strike in Liverpool, and other members of the crew, got access to the liquor which were on board, and that the officers were utterly unable to control them.

### Largest Trade in Years.

New York, Sept. 30.—Bradstreet's on the 30th will say of Canadian trade: "Fall trade moves forward in Canada in good volume. Montreal reports that while wet weather has curtailed the retail trade somewhat, a good business has, on the whole, been done, while jobbers report their fall trade as the largest for years. Collections are reported very satisfactory. Toronto reports similar trade conditions, with prices particularly dry goods, very firm. Labor is scarce. Canadian banks have loaned considerably in the United States. In the maritime provinces weather conditions have not been altogether favorable, but Halifax reports local trade stimulated, by the presence of country visitors at the exposition. Collections are fair, and apple shipments to Great Britain are very large. Healthy trade conditions are reported in British Columbia, Victoria reporting an active demand for hardware and lumber, with collections fair. The failures number 11 for five days, as compared with 13 last week, 23 in this week a year ago, and 33 in 1897."

### A Compromising Letter.

Paris, Sept. 30.—Marquis de Gallifet, minister of war, having written to Le Figaro, asserting that he had never written to the Duc d'Orleans since the end of 1898, when he declined the latter's invitation to shoot at Woodcote, L. Intransigeant, this morning, replies by publishing a letter, which the paper says was seized among the papers of M. Andre Buffet, one of the persons recently placed on trial before the senate, as a high court of justice, on a charge of having conspired against the state. If the republicans are so stupid, says De Gallifet, as to confide the ministry of war to me, you, monseigneur, will not have occasion to be dissatisfied with me.

### Victoria McVicar Dead.

Port Arthur, Ont., Sept. 30.—Miss McVicar, whose family were the first white settlers in Port Arthur, died at noon today. Miss McVicar was the owner of the McVicar estate, which includes the northern portion of the town.

### PRIZE FIGHTER KILLED.

Grass Valley, Cal., Sept. 30.—As a result of a prize fight here last night between Jim Prendergast of Sacramento and Charles Hoskins of this place, the latter is dead. Hoskins was knocked out in the tenth round and although the physicians worked on him all night they could not save his life.

### HANNA WON'T RESIGN.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 30.—Senator Hanna denies with emphasis the report that he will resign the chairmanship of the National Republican committee.

## THE BRITISH AND BOER

### ARMIES ARE NEARING THE NATAL BORDER.

#### A Large Body of Boer Troops Start for Sandspit to Join With the Orange Free State Artillery.

London, Sept. 30.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Charlestown says: "Commanding is proceeding in the Wakkerstroom district, and probably throughout the Transvaal. Two thousand burghers are assembled at Wakkerstroom, which is eleven miles from the Natal border, and eight from Laings Nek. Also, 1,200 have been ordered to Sandspit, fifteen miles west of the Natal boundary, where they will meet the Orange Free State artillery, which has been lying low in this neighborhood for a fortnight."

The Press Association issued the following statement yesterday evening: "We learn that the centres of interest in the Transvaal controversy are really at Lisbon and Berlin and this consideration, it is thought in some quarters, may cause a further adjournment of the cabinet. The future administration and financial control of the Portuguese possessions in South Africa are held to be an integral factor in the present difficulty. The friends of President Kruger urge that it would be manifestly unfair to insist upon a partial reduction of the forts at Pretoria and Johannesburg as long as Lorezo Marques remains under the Portuguese government, and it is probable that the negotiations between London, Berlin and Lisbon may not be concluded until after the cabinet council."

The Odessa correspondent of the Standard telegraphs: "There is a rumor that Germany recently suggested to Russia the advisability of mediation between Great Britain and the Transvaal, and that Russia declined to have anything to do with the matter."

The Daily News, which appeals to the government to await President Kruger's reply before sending a second dispatch, says: "If, as has been asserted on behalf of the Transvaal all trouble would have been avoided had Mr. Chamberlain's dispatch last Friday said 'convention' instead of 'conventions,' we do not believe a British cabinet would decline to clear the matter up. It is, indeed, only a matter of a consonant; for we are convinced that it is in his power to get the consonant cut off."

The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "The Transvaal executive is absorbed in war preparations. Many Boers oppose aggressive action on religious grounds. There have been local thunder storms and rains at Johannesburg and in various parts of the Orange Free State."

As the second battalion of Grenadiers embarked on a transport at Gibraltar for London this afternoon, they received a "hurry call," ordering them to proceed to the Cape, for which place they start tomorrow.

### HILDA BLAKE

Said to Have Written a Letter Confessing the Murder of Young Stewart.

Brandon, Sept. 29.—According to a rumor current here, there has been a somewhat startling revelation in connection with the past history of Hilda Blake, who lies in the Brandon jail, the confessed murderess of Mrs. John Lane. It is stated that she wrote a letter to Mrs. Stewart, of Virden, the lady with whom she lived previously, in which she confessed that she had murdered young Stewart, who it was thought had committed suicide. The young fellow was found dead in the house, and the supposition was that he had shot himself, suspicion having never rested on the young girl, Hilda. Presumably her success in escaping the results of this crime emboldened her to commit a second. Had she identified the tramp first arrested for the murder of Mrs. Lane she might still be free. It is also stated that the girl wrote a letter to Mrs. Stewart about the time she went to Winnipeg to purchase the revolver with which she committed her latest crime, stating she was en route to the old country, having just finished a course in the Brandon hospital, and become a full fledged nurse.

### An Insane Mother's Rash Act.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 29.—Mrs. Clara Rheiner, aged 34, of this city, last night attempted to murder her mother three children and commit suicide. She gave her children morphine, slit her own wrists, then turned on the gas in the room where they were. When discovered, two of the children, Harold, aged 3, and the baby, aged 14 months were dead. By hard work the eldest child, Elmer, seven years of age, and Mrs. Rheiner were resuscitated. Mrs. Rheiner failed to cut the arteries in her wrists and the physicians say she will recover.

It is believed that Mrs. Rheiner is insane. Her husband has not been found since the crime was discovered and she says he had not been home for three days.

### Tried to Lynch a Detective.

Chicago, Sept. 29.—Colored men in Chicago last night tried to lynch Jas. Washington, a detective, because he ran down and surrendered to Tennessee officials, Edward Curtis, an escaped convict. Their anger was aroused to the point of frenzy because Curtis, since his escape, had married and led an honest life. Washington was taken to the police station for safety, there being another fight when the officers brought him out of the house. A guard was posted at the house all night to prevent the crowd from pillaging it.

## INTERWESTERN EXHIBITION.

Great Crowds in Attendance—The Most Successful Fair Ever Held in Calgary.

Calgary, N.W.T., Sept. 29.—Great crowds attended the opening of the Inter-Western Pacific exhibition yesterday. Some excellent specimens of cattle and horses were shown, particularly by the Elbow Park ranch. The display of roots was exceedingly good, and in the dairy products was excellent, especially the creamery butter. The exhibit of manufactures looked highly attractive, and received much attention. The continued bright sunshine brought even a larger crowd out yesterday than on previous days, and closed one of the most successful fairs ever held in Calgary. The directors of the Inter-Western are now determined to make this an annual event worthy of the capital of Alberta.

### Scotsman Ashore on Belle Isle.

Montreal, Sept. 29.—The steamer Scotsman, of the Dominion line, is ashore off Belle Isle. The steamer Montford has taken off 200 passengers, and is now on her way up the gulf. She passed Heat Point at 8 a.m.

A dispatch from Heat Point says the Elder Dempster steamer Montford passed inward with 350 passengers of the Scotsman on board.

The news was received with joy at Montreal as a large number of prominent people are on board whom there has been much anxiety. It is probable a special train will be sent from here to bring up wrecked passengers from Rimouski.

Among the passengers of the Dominion line steamship Scotsman are the members of William Greet's London company, which is to begin its fourth American tour at the Academy of Music next Monday night.

Father Point, Sept. 29.—Neither the Kastalia, of the Donaldson line, nor the Lake Superior, of the Beaver line, both of which passed here this morning inward, had any news of the Scotsman, reported ashore of Belle Isle. A dense fog prevailed in the straits when they passed through and they could see nothing.

A subsequent dispatch received by the Dominion line agents from the operator at Change Islands, Newfoundland, was as follows: "The Scotsman is ashore on a ledge, close into the shore, five miles east of Belle Isle light. The passengers are all landed, but there are no provisions in the island station. All holds of the ship are full. The ship is lying even. Immediate assistance is imperative."

Change Islands, Newfoundland, is 140 miles south of Belle Isle, at the south-east point of Notre Dame Bay. It is rather remarkable that a dispatch was sent from a point so far from the catastrophe, but the agents of the Dominion line at this port, D. Torrance & Co., are inclined to think the news might have been taken thither in a fishing boat. The following reply was sent at once to Change Islands: "Assistance will be sent. Have asked government protection."

The advisability of having the wrecking steamer on scene as early as possible goes without saying. By the time this is published it is likely a cable will have been sent to England, advising that a wrecker should be sent from the other side, as it would reach the Scotsman about as quickly as from Quebec, and in all probability would be a much more serviceable craft.

At the board of trade and on change generally the news caused a great shock. Every steamer available was needed to carry freight from this port before navigation closed, and the Scotsman was a large carrier. The ship's value was estimated at half a million dollars, largely covered by insurance.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Friday, September 29.

The Spanish cabinet will resign today.

The Canadian ticket agents meet in Winnipeg Oct. 10.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier will commence an Ontario tour Oct. 16.

The Boers are massing at Vryheid to make a dash into Natal.

Deeds of Jewish colonization in association are en route west.

Rev. C. W. Gordon and Miss Helen King were married in Toronto.

Considerable mystery surrounds the departure of a Winnipeg druggist.

Montreal banks have increased the rate on call loans to 5 1-2 per cent.

General Hutton has explained his proposal to remove Manitoba's Dragonous east.

The Volksraad of the Free State has officially decided to assist the Transvaal.

Hilda Blake, the Brandon murderess is alleged to have committed another crime.

The second battalion of Grenadiers have been ordered from Gibraltar to the Cape.

Bishop McElroy told the Catholics of Windsor, Ont., they should have separate schools.

Mr. D. P. Reid was nominated as local government candidate in Kildonan and St. Andrews.

Sable Island is disappearing and the Dominion government intend to make a survey of the place.

The plan for a \$40,000 university building in Winnipeg was approved by the university council.

An Englishman named Robertson has been arrested at Pretoria by the Boers charged with high treason.

The British cabinet meets this afternoon and from appearances the house of commons will assemble next week.

Two of the Elder Dempster line steamers will leave for New Orleans to embark mules for the British government.

Blizzard in the Red River Valley.

Grand Forks, N.D., Sept. 29.—The fiercest September blizzard within the memory of the oldest inhabitant of the Red River valley is now raging. Rain began to fall early yesterday and about dark last night it turned to snow. The ground is covered and snow is still falling, driven by a severe northwest wind.

Medicine Hat, N.W.T., Sept. 29.—While the military special was here an Indian selling horns dropped dead. The body has been handed to the police.

## ACTIVE AND BELLICOSE

### SOUTH AFRICAN REPUBLICS WILL MUSTER 35,000 MOUNTED MEN.

#### Field Coronets at Johannesburg Distributed 4,000 Rifles—Scouring the Country for War Supplies.

London, Sept. 28.—The Daily Telegraph publishes the following from its special correspondent in Cape Town: "I regret to note a universal opinion that war is very near. Everywhere the Boers are active and bellicose. They are arming, equipping and storing supplies for a protracted struggle. The Transvaal government has failed in an attempt to purchase 10,000 sacks of wheat here, but Boer agents are scouring South Africa to buy campaign provisions. Proof accumulates of the existence of a great Dutch conspiracy against British supremacy in South Africa. The Free State is believed to be involved and there is no doubt that the Orange government is intent upon war. Many Boers in the northern districts of Cape Colony are joining our probable enemy. The Dutch republics will together be able to muster 35,000 men, nearly all mounted. I learn that the Free State has decided to put 10,000 into the field."

Other dispatches from Pretoria and Johannesburg speak of the probability of hostilities within a week, one correspondent says: "British subjects will be given a certain period within which to quit the country. If they desire to remain they must make application to that effect, and the application will be considered on its merits."

Another correspondent says: "Four thousand rifles and a quantity of ammunition have just arrived at Johannesburg and are being distributed by the field coronet. The burghers of Pretoria, 4,000 in number, are equipped and waiting the order to advance."

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily News says: "The pass of Laings Nek will be occupied tomorrow, with sufficient strength for present needs, under the belief that the Boers will attack Natal immediately hoping to forestall all the landing of the Indian contingent."

A few days more and then a definite development in the crisis in the Transvaal should result. The volksraad was sitting in secret session last evening, Wednesday, and the burghers doubtless had the result of the deliberations of the Orange Free State volksraad to guide them in making a decision as to the reply to Mr. Chamberlain's last dispatch, which will probably be handed to the British diplomatic agent at Pretoria, Mr. Conyngham Greene, today.

The secretary of state for war, the Marquis of Lansdown was busy until a late hour last evening at the war office. It is expected that the next British note will virtually demand the absolute fulfillment of the conventions of 1881 and 1884, which have been violated in numerous points, but will accept a five years' limit for the franchise. According to the Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, it is believed in the highest quarters there that a settlement is even yet possible if Great Britain will propose moderate terms, and at the same time make it clearly understood that these will be regarded as final.

The latest dispatches anticipate that President Kruger will continue obdurate, and represent the situation as of the gravest character.

An American, Mr. J. C. Hall, has been appointed editor of the Johannesburg Star in the absence of Mr. Money-penny, who crossed the border to evade a warrant issued for his arrest by the Transvaal authorities. Immediately on war being declared both the Star and the Transvaal Leader will be suppressed. Several other Johannesburg papers have already suspended publication. A run is commencing on the banks in the Transvaal and the Orange Free State.

London, Sept. 28.—Notices for the adjourned cabinet council were forwarded this afternoon and the chief government whip will be on hand to give immediate effect to any decision arrived at regarding the reassembling of parliament. Information from Bloemfontein leaves little doubt that the Orange Free State volksraad is unanimous in supporting Transvaal.

### SHAMROCK OVERHAULED.

The International Cup Challenger in Dry Dock Preparing for the Races.

New York, Sept. 28.—The international cup challenger Shamrock was successfully placed in the dry dock at the Erie basin about noon yesterday.

Every precaution was taken to prevent accident to the visiting boat and although Sir Thomas Lipton, her owner, was not present, Designer Fife put in an appearance soon after the boat had been floated into the dock and took careful measurements of the Shamrock's water line and the distance on the side of the dock to be certain that her keel rested in a proper position. In addition to these precautionary measures a diver was sent down and ascertained that the keel was resting where it should on the docks.

### Millionaire in Jail.

San Francisco, Sept. 28.—After fighting for two years to escape his fate, the millionaire, Wm. Bradbury, was taken to the county jail today to serve 24 hours sentence for expectorating on the floor of a street car. It was regarded as a test case.

Father Point, Sept. 28.—The steamer Servona from Newcastle passed inward yesterday and reports having experienced heavy westerly winds on the passage and encountered several icebergs near the Straits of Belle Isle.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Thursday, September 28

The Shamrock has gone into dry dock. Judge Reynolds died at Brockville, Ont.

Hans Larson has committed suicide at Rat Portage.

A fire in Roseland destroyed nine small buildings.

Admiral Hewey was interviewed on the Philippines and politics.

The Ottawa fair directors have to face a deficit of \$9,000.

There are 1,000 persons in distress in the Cape Nome district.

John H. Park, a wholesale merchant of Hamilton, Ont., is dead.

The Philippines are treating their American prisoners as their guests.

W. Cox was acquitted at Goderich on a charge of killing his son-in-law.

Sir Chas. Tupper delivered a non-political address at the Halifax fair.

The decision in the Venezuelan arbitration will be given on Monday.

Lord Minto will go to New York, Saturday, to witness next week's races.

Active preparations are under way for the adjourned British cabinet meeting.

A first dividend of 25 per cent. will be paid holders of Ville Marie bank bills.

Alarm is being experienced at the non-arrival of the Scotsman at Montreal.

The C. P. R. has announced a reduction in elevator storage charges at Fort William.

Four men were crushed beyond recognition by a Pennsylvania railway shifting engine.

Large quantities of hay in the Stour Mountain district were destroyed by prairie fires.

The jury returned a verdict of heart failure in the case of Miss Evans, who died at Regina.

In the first innings the English cricket team were short 20 runs of the Philadelphia Colts' score.

A commercial traveller who lost one of his feet at Cassels, N.W.T., sued the C. P. R., but lost the case.

### DISTRESS IN INDIA.

Between Darjeeling and Kurseong 300 Lives Were Lost by Flood.

Calcutta, Sept. 28.—After gathering at the head of the bay the storm moved north today giving a heavy rain in Calcutta, Dinajpur, Rangpur and Jalpaiguri and falling with the greatest fury at Darjeeling. Simultaneously, another storm gathered at Rangpur and pointed westward from Purnea to Moughri.

The usual weekly reports have not been received by the government and there is reason to fear that the district named is flooded and that communication is interrupted. It is estimated that between Darjeeling and Kurseong alone, 300 persons lost their lives. The line between Darjeeling and Sonada will be blocked, probably for two months.

Both the upper and lower Bagaijhoras have been carried away. A number of bodies have been recovered on the Happy Valley estate. Soldiers of the Munster regiment are searching for the bodies and clearing the roads.

### Cox Acquitted.

Goderich, Sept. 28.—The case of the Queen vs. Wm. Cox was reviewed yesterday. Cox shot his son-in-law, named Beattie, in Goderich township last October, 1898, killing him. An investigation took place immediately afterwards at Goderich before Police Magistrate Seager. The magistrate discharged Cox on the ground that he had practically acted in self defence. Recently an agitation was started with a view to having the matter investigated by the grand jury and with that object a fiat was got from the attorney-general permitting the crown officer to put a bill before the grand jury, charging Cox with manslaughter, which was done yesterday afternoon. After a careful investigation the grand jury returned no bill against Cox for the offense charged.

### Nine Buildings Destroyed at Roseland.



## A THREE BOTTLE COMEDY.

By W. E. MORRIS.

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Jenkinson slapped his leg and burst into a roar of laughter. "That's what you've done, Sir Thomas, you may be sure," he chuckled. "Lord Harthor Fulton came out here not ten minutes ago in a pretty stew. Said he believed he'd swallowed poison by accident and asked me to give him an emetic—which I done. Now, I'd lay odds one of them ladies has been offering him a pull at your red lotion, Sir, thinking 'twas her own private supply of cherry brandy. Dear, dear! What a most extraordinary start!"

Sir Thomas was too angry to see the joke. "Man alive!" he exclaimed. "It isn't possible to swallow red lotion! Why, half a mouthful of it would set him on fire! Where is he? What have you done with him?"

Lord Arthur staggered into the yard to answer the question in person. He seated himself upon an inverted bucket, dropped his head on his hands and moaned out feebly, "Jenkinson, you have more than half killed me!"

"And served you jolly right, too!" cried the irate baronet. "Teach you to go taking surreptitious nips out of la-

Send for a stomach pump!"

die flasks at odd hours! Be thankful that you're not quite killed. Meanwhile I'll trouble you for the remainder of my red lotion!"

"Your what?" asked the other, lifting a pallid face. "It wasn't red lotion. It was hair—at least I don't know what it was. Anyhow I drained it to the dregs."

"The devil you did!" ejaculated Sir Thomas again. "This only shows what the young men of the present day have brought themselves to by their perpetual swilling. Drained a bottle of red lotion to the dregs and never imagined that there was anything amiss until it was all down! Why, what an inside you must have!"

"I have no inside," Lord Arthur replied in a lamentable voice. "Jenkinson has deprived me of every vestige of it. I'm not at all sure that I shouldn't have done better to take my chance with the red lotion—if it was red lotion."

"Oh, you're all right, my lord," said Jenkinson reassuringly. "A bit squeamish you must expect to feel just at first, but you'll have a fine appetite for dinner, you'll find."

Sir Thomas was perplexed, and began to ask questions, but he obtained no intelligible answers, the young man feeling that, whatever the truth might be, his first duty was to shield Mrs. Alston. After a time therefore they went their several ways, Sir Thomas remarking by way of moral: "Well, this will be a lesson to me not to meddle with women's perfumery again, and I hope it will be a lesson to you to be a little more careful about your liquor in future."

Lord Arthur made no audible response; but, like Galilei, he reserved the last word for himself. "I believe it was curacao all the same," he muttered.

Sir Thomas Clutterbuck ascended pensively to his bedroom to get ready for dinner, for there were circumstances connected with this imbroglio which seemed to him to demand elucidation. Could it be that Mrs. Alston was in the habit of carrying cherry brandy about with her when she visited her friends? If so—but he was confident that it was not so.

"Oh, no! It must be 't'other woman," he assured himself, "and the scent—which ought to be taken to her, by the way—is here." But the bottle which stood upon Sir Thomas' dressing table and upon which he had as yet bestowed only a hasty glance did not contain scent. He picked it up now, and the label upon its surface told him in unequivocal terms what it did contain. This discovery gave him what Lord Arthur would have called "a nasty jar."

He whistled and walked away toward the fire, shaking his head ruefully and murmuring: "I couldn't have believed it of her! I've often enough heard people say that the color was unnatural, but I set that down to envy and jealousy. Ah, well! There's an end of my little romance, and it's lucky for me that I've found her out in time. Because, mind you," added Sir Thomas, addressing space impressively, "a woman who will deceive you in one way will deceive you in another."

At Sir Thomas' time of life the dissipation of a fond illusion is more apt to excite wrath than despair, and when he remembered the many occasions upon which Mrs. Alston had completely suffered him to tell her how greatly he admired her wonderful hair the desire to pay her out grew strong within him. "She swears to be publicly exposed," he said to himself, "but I suppose it would be almost too cruel to take the bottle down stairs and hand it to her before them all."

Then on a sudden a brilliant idea occurred to him. "By Jove, I will!" he exclaimed aloud. "The others won't like to make any remark, even if they understand, but she'll understand fast enough, and I flatter myself that she

won't enjoy her dinner this evening." Mrs. Alston did not at all expect to enjoy her dinner, inasmuch as she had made up her mind to partake of that meal, or some poor substitute for it, in her own room. Already she had telegraphed to London for a further supply of the incomparable dye, and had sent a message to Mrs. Longworth to the effect that an excruciating attack of neuralgia would prevent her from seeing anybody that night or hunting on the morrow, but what went near to making her ill in good earnest was a dreadful piece of news which reached her from Lord Arthur Fulton in answer to inquiries which common humanity had prompted her to make as to his condition.

"I am yet alive, thank you," ran the note delivered to her by her maid, "notwithstanding the desperate remedies which I have had to employ. The provoking part of it is that I am now almost sure there was no occasion for them. What I drank must have been Mrs. Naylor's curacao. Mrs. Naylor, I expect, has been awarded a bottle of veterinary lotion belonging to Sir Thomas Clutterbuck, and Sir Thomas has got your hair dye. I am awfully sorry, but I am sure you will see that I have nothing to reproach myself with, as I only carried out your instructions to the best of my ability and made myself disastrously sick into the bargain."

When Mrs. Alston had perused this terrible missive, she thought for a moment of dropping down dead, but reflecting that her demise would distress nobody in particular, while it would be productive of doubtful benefit to herself, she determined upon less heroic measures.

"Pinfold," she said to her maid, "you can pack up again. We shall return to London tomorrow."

There was indeed nothing else to be done. Sir Thomas, she knew, was old-fashioned in his ideas, abhorred artificiality, and would never forgive an innocent deception which had been practiced upon him in common with the rest of the world. The feelings of a gentleman would, she trusted, prevent him from divulging her secret, but she had no wish to face his reproaches or listen to his renunciation. The game, so far as Sir Thomas Clutterbuck was concerned, was up, and it only remained to draw fresh coverts.

Thus it was that Sir Thomas failed to bring about a dramatic situation which he had designed with much forethought and self sacrifice. He was purposely the last to enter the drawing room before dinner, but the swift glances which he threw to right and left of him made him aware that Mrs. Alston was not among the 20 or 30 persons there assembled. It was "Hamlet" with the title role omitted, and he was soon to learn that his own part in the play had been undertaken to no purpose.

Upon the rest of the company the effect produced by his appearance was, to be sure, all that could have been desired, and even a little more. A sudden pause in the conversation, followed by a general gasp, greeted the entrance of this dapper little gentleman, whose face exhibited the lines that belonged to his years, while his hair, eyebrows and mustache had the golden beauty of early youth.

"Has he gone mad?" whispered the awestruck Mrs. Longworth to her neighbor. "Why, he was as gray as a badger two hours ago!"

But Sir Thomas, having been prepared to create a sensation, advanced imperiously to his hostess, who, recovering her self possession with an effort, proceeded to tell him how very sorry she was that poor Mrs. Alston was suffering agonies from neuralgia.

"She sent some time ago to say that she wouldn't be able to appear this evening, and now I have just had a second message, asking for a carriage to take her to the station to meet the 12 o'clock train tomorrow. She declares that she must be at home when these fits of neuralgia seize her, and that they always last a week."

Sir Thomas' jaw fell. "But you won't let her go!" he expostulated. "Don't—don't let her go until she has seen me!"

Mrs. Longworth was a kind hearted woman. She surveyed her eager suppliant with good natured compassion, and then, bending forward, "Do you know, Sir Thomas," she answered in a low voice, "I think it would be better for her not to see you—as you are at present. Much better not!"

Sir Thomas fell back with unspoken maledictions. The eyes of his fellow guests were fixed upon him, and their countenances expressed neither admiration nor respect. In the background Lord Arthur Fulton, the only person present who possessed the key to the enigma, was doubled up with convulsions of merriment.

"Oh, it's all very fine for you to laugh, you young jackanapes," muttered Sir Thomas vindictively, "but, thank God, I'm not the only one who has made a fool of himself! It will take you all your time to stick to your saddle tomorrow, I suspect."

Lord Arthur, it was true, was feeling rather queer and rather feeble, but he was young, he had a vigorous constitution, and, as Jenkinson had foretold would be the case, he was already able to look forward to his dinner with pleasurable anticipation. As a matter of fact he did enjoy his dinner very much indeed, and one reason for his doing so was that nearly the whole length of the table separated him from the fascinating Mrs. Naylor. He was a simple, innocent creature. He had still a great deal to learn, but he was assimilating knowledge by slow degrees (which is much the best way of growing wise), and he began to perceive that neither the Mrs. Naylor nor the Mrs. Alstons of this world are worth a tenth part of the agitation which they manage to stir up. It was perhaps a little ridiculous of him to be shocked because one lady dyed her hair, while another was given to indulging in private sips of curacao. Still, if he had

not been shocked, he might easily have become even more ridiculous. So that he had at least as good cause for self congratulation as the rejuvenated Sir Thomas, who had quite superfluously converted himself into an object of ridicule.

Miss Longworth, who, as it happened, had been placed on Lord Arthur's left hand, put an abrupt and somewhat embarrassing question to her neighbor presently. "Why did you laugh at the poor old fellow in that undisguised way?" she asked. "He saw you, and he didn't like it."

"I'm sorry if he saw me," the young man replied, "but I really couldn't help myself. Isn't it enough to make anybody laugh?"

"I don't think so. I think it is painful and disgusting. What could have made him do such a thing? However, I am thankful, for his sake, that Mrs. Alston hasn't come down and that she is leaving tomorrow."

"Well, yes; but it would have been rather a joke if Mrs. Alston had come down, and I'm not sure that the laugh would have been upon her side then."

"Lord Arthur," said the girl, making a half turn, so as to face the speaker, "I believe some horrid practical joke has been played, and I believe you are at the bottom of it. What does it all mean?"

Lord Arthur pulled himself together. He could not possibly tell her what it meant, but he saw that she was displeased at the idea of his having played practical jokes upon her parents' guests, and he was unwilling to displease her. Therefore he felt entitled to exonerate himself by answering:

"I give you my word of honor that I am guiltless. I do know something, but I mustn't explain, and I dare say you will hear the truth some day. Indeed you are almost sure to hear it, for Sir Thomas is too infuriated to hold his tongue. For the present it would be very kind of you if you wouldn't mind talking about anything else."

The readiness with which she accepted his word and started a different subject won his heart; so at any rate he subsequently averred, adding, by way of explanation, that it showed Annie Longworth's vast superiority to the rest of her sex. Lord Arthur Fulton, it may be mentioned, has now increased in wisdom to such a remarkable extent that he knows what women are. At least he is fond of declaring solemnly that he does, and there is no denying that he has enjoyed opportunities of acquiring the knowledge to which he lays claim. Possibly, however, he might have failed to appreciate Miss Longworth at her true value had she not been an extremely pretty, fresh and natural girl, or had she not chosen the pursuit of the fox as the topic most likely to interest him.

As it was, she was so completely successful in interesting him that he neither did his duty to the elderly lady whom he had taken to dinner nor noticed that Mrs. Naylor was scowling menacingly at him across an intervening space of glass and silver and exotics. The discreditable fact is that he had temporarily forgotten Mrs. Naylor's very existence.

He was reminded of it when he entered the drawing room with the other men after spending a merry 20 minutes over coffee and cigarettes, during which Sir Thomas had not been spared by Mr. Longworth and other old friends. Sir Thomas had behaved very well. He had submitted to chaff good humoredly enough, and had declared that it was no fault if his tradesmen were such idiots as to supply him with hair dye instead of hair wash. Only on leaving the room he had whispered: "Now, look here, Fulton. If you don't tell on me, I won't tell on you. Is that a bargain? And, I say—is there any known means of getting the confounded stuff off?"

Lord Arthur was still chuckling over the memory of this pathetic appeal when he was sobered by an imperative gesture on Mrs. Naylor's part. He obeyed the summons with a sinking heart, for he was a good deal afraid of Mrs. Naylor, and it was forcibly borne in upon him that there was going to be trouble.

"May I ask," the irate lady began, with ominous calmness, "why you were so pressing in your entreaties to me to come down here with you?"

"Well, I thought you would enjoy a day with these bounds," he answered deprecatingly, "and—it's a jolly house to stay in, you know, and then there will be a ball."

"Oh—because those were not the reasons you gave at the time! I dare say I may enjoy a day with the bounds if we get a run, but I can't say that I am much impressed with the jollity of the company so far, and as for the ball—well, I really didn't come here for the pleasure of seeing you dance a dozen times with that stick of a girl."

"She isn't very likely to give me a dozen dances," Lord Arthur returned, "and I don't know what you mean by a stick."

(To be continued.)

A Question of Heredity.  
"Is there, after all, such a thing as an inextinguishable law of heredity?" mused the lay figure.

The unconscious imbecile felt assured that there was.  
"For who," he urged, "having an ancestor drawn and quartered for stealing sheep, could help but feel more or less cut up?"

The others were by no means convinced, for mere subtlety is not argument.—Detroit Journal.

Distraught.

"No," said the Filipino, "we don't want any more civilization."

"Why, you have never tried the real article."

"We can't take any chances. Since Aguinaldo got to posing as a civilized person we ordinary people have to bide every time we see a stranger, for fear he's another assassin."—Washington Star.

## KNEW THE CRITTERS

SHE WAS THOROUGHLY POSTED ON THE TRIBE OF HUSBANDS.

Her Experience Was as Wonderful as Her Inquisitiveness, and Both Were Turned Loose on the Pretty Girl Who Said She Was Engaged.

The conversation began in the Erie ferryboat, going over. The young woman was pretty. Her hair was violently Auburn. There were many vacant seats in the boat, but the elderly stout woman in black and a whiskered mole on her chin sat down in the seat next the young woman. She was one of that sort of elderly stout women, not too uncommon, who seem burdened with the fear that if they don't begin to talk with you on the cars or on the boat or in the stage the moment they settle down you will think they don't want to be agreeable. She glanced at the positive hair of the pretty young woman and at once had her doubts as to whether it was so by nature or by art. Vigorously agitating the atmosphere a moment with her fan, she turned to the pretty young woman and said in a robust voice:

"Nasty weather!"

The young woman replied, with a little start at the suddenness and rotundity of the remark, that it was, and then the stout, elderly woman snapped out:

"You look to me just as if you was going to the train to meet somebody."

The pretty young girl blushed to the color of her hair and then smiled and said yes, she was. The stout woman did not pause long.

"Be you engaged to him?" she asked.

There was no doubt from the expression on the pretty young woman's face that the stout old woman was a mind reader.

"Thought so," said she, "but I hope he isn't a railroad man. Don't never marry a railroad man. Laws! They're liable to be smashed up any time, and then they have setch all pervadin chances for dirtin'. I hope he ain't a railroad man."

The young woman smiled and said she wasn't a railroad man. The stout, elderly woman glanced suspiciously at the young woman's red hair again. She had strong doubts of it, that was plain.

"I hope you ain't got to tell me he's a hotel keeper," she resumed. "Massy on us, don't you do it. My first husband was a hotel keeper, and he fell down the elevator and had forgot to have his life insured. It riles me yit when I think of the forgetfulness o' that man. Please don't tell me you're in goin to be a hotel keeper."

The young woman relieved the stout woman's mind. He wasn't a hotel keeper.

"Ain't a sojer, is he?" and the inquisitor seemed anxious. "Think twice before you marry a sojer. Sojer clothes is deceivin, and they draw women like 'lasses does flies. You better think twice before you go and marry a sojer."

The young woman said she hadn't thought twice, but she wasn't going to marry a soldier.

"Then," said the elderly stout woman, "I s'pose he's a travellin man. Well, I hope neither one o' you will be sorry," and she glanced again at the girl's head and shook her own. Travellin men is away from home a lot, 'cause they have to be, though some o' 'em stays away longer than they have to, and I know it! Nobody knows what they're up to when they're away either. Travellin man, hey? Well, I hope neither one o' you won't be sorry."

The young woman tossed her head and said she wasn't a traveling man.

"Some girls fancies steamboaters," the stout elderly woman resumed, "and maybe yours is. Don't marry a steamboater, whatever you do. My second husband was a steamboater, and the biler busted and blowed him into more'n a thousan' pieces! I always feel terrible put out when I look at his pictur' hangin over the mantelpiece. Steamboaters is mighty uncertain, miss. Tain't a steamboater, hey? Well, now, I'm amazin glad to hear it! But if he's a dry goods man he ain't much better. Smellin the dyes in the calico and 't'other things is terrible injurious, and dry goods men never live out half their days. And even if the dyes don't kill him he'll see the women that is shoppin all the time, and there ain't no tellin where he'll land. I wouldn't marry a dry goods man if I was you."

The young woman said she didn't intend to.

"Well, a grocer is just as bad, and I don't know but he's worse, 'cause grocers always has setch dirty hands," said the elderly stout person. "My third husband was a grocer, and setch hands as he had! Massy! Enough to make you wonder! He got killed, poor man, by a bar'l o' 'lasses rollin on to him. A woman can't naturally be expected to feel happy as the day when she knows her husband has hands that no soap kin git a hitch on to and is liable any minute to be fetched home rolled out flat by a 'lasses bar'l, and I hope you won't go to the altar thinkin that she kin."

The young woman said that she would not, because she wasn't going there with a grocer.

"Then you're lucky," said the elderly stout woman—"that is, pervadin you ain't goin to marry a machinist. Don't do that, whatever you do! My fourth husband was a machinist, and I never kin forgit the day they fetched him home on a board. I didn't recognize him. They told me a belt or somethin had slipped loose and fetched him some swipes in the face and tossed him around the shop considerable. Poor Jasper! I promised him on his dyin bed that I'd never marry another machinist, and I never have. I hope you!"

The boat banged into the slip just then, and the pretty young woman rose and walked forward. The stout elderly woman followed along. As they passed off of the boat the stout elderly woman, speaking loud, said to the pretty young woman:

"What did you say your'n was goin to be?"

"He's going to be an insurance agent!" replied the young woman, and she said it very short and snappy.

"Massy lands!" exclaimed the stout elderly lady. "Don't! My fifth!"

But the pretty young woman had hurried on to meet the train. The stout elderly woman watched her until she disappeared.

"Insurance agent, hey?" she said. "Well, if that red head o' her'n is natural he's goin to take an extry hazardous risk, I kin say."

And the stout elderly woman, with a grim smile, boarded a Hoboken car—New York Sun.

There is no doubt that the best instrument of civilization is an agreeable home.—Mobile Register.

The Ordinal to Which a Samoan Lover Was Subjected.

The following gruesome, though true story shows what a powerful lever family approval and tribal influence exert upon the Samoan character. The story is vouched for in every detail:

A certain young Samoan, the son of a chief, who had reached that age when "a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love," became deeply enamored of the taupo, or belle, belonging to a neighboring village, between whose "talking man," father of the taupo, and the son's, father there existed a bitter feud. The attachment was reciprocated, but, as is customary in such important matters as matrimony, the question of eligibility was duly submitted to the aiga (clan), or family council, which promptly returned a verdict of "impossible." Instead, however, of accepting the decree of his family and renouncing his innamorata the young man rebelled and declared he would wed his dusky sweetheart in spite of all the code of Faa Samoa and the trammels of family and tribal disapproval that could be imposed. The young girl also asserted her independence and scorn for the obstacles which were put in their way and, with the help of a few girl friends, began preparing her trousseau of fine mats and gaudy tapa, which brides in Samoa affect.

The wedding day approached. The feeling between the rival villages ran high and, before the arrival of the date fixed for the ceremony, culminated in open hostilities. Overwhelming pressure was brought to bear upon the poor lover, who was reviled and taunted with being a traitor and all the curses of endless generations of ancestors heaped upon his devoted head; family influence combined to exert its every wile to break the engagement, but still he stood resolute. He was driven from house and village, an outcast on the world, and his property confiscated and divided.

The day came, and the bride sat alone, deserted by her family, waiting for her faithful bridegroom. The hours passed. He did not come. Suddenly a step was heard outside the hut, where she anxiously waited. She rose expectant. A curtain was thrust aside. "Something was thrown into the room and rolled to the feet of the horrified girl. She stooped and picked it up, and then, screaming and laughing, she fell upon the ground, a maniac."

It was the severed head of her father, and before her stood her affianced husband, stern, relentless, and cold as if turned to stone, in his hand the terrible mife-oti (head knife) freshly dripping. Family persuasion had triumphed at last, and the ordeal which had been given him of proving his fidelity to tribe and family in order to be forgiven was the task he had performed—taking the head of the bride's own father and throwing it at her feet.

The shock was too great for the poor girl, whose reason mercifully gave way. She may yet be seen about Apia—homeless and wandering, a sadly pathetic figure, decked, Ophelia-like, in bridal wreaths, with a chaplet of vines twined around her head, singing her family song of victory or crowning a love ditty. The young warrior upon whose faith so terrible a test had been imposed sought and found in war that oblivion which his poor afflicted bride elect yet hopelessly awaits.

## PAW IN THE COUNTRY

GEORGIE TELLS OF A DELIGHTFUL VACATION TRIP.

Which Was Extremely Pleasant For Him and Little Albert, but Not Necessarily So For That Worthy Gentleman, His Father.

Me and the pupp and maw and paw and little albert went out in the Country a Saturday to visit unkle Henry's. Unkle Henry is maw's brother and wunst him and Her was little boys and gurls like me and little albert and Unkle Henry Sed maw Yoost to Run around in Her Hair feat and Cline trees and Fall out of the Hay in the Barn and skin the Cat just like a Boy. I'm oful Sorry I Herd that about maw Becos I Can't hardly keep on Thinkin She's a nangel any more. I Wish She would of Bin a nice little gurl With Dimpuls in Her Cheeks and Curls Down her back and always kept Her Dress Clean and Didn't never make snoots at peepke. Sumtimes when I think about it I almost Haft to Weep.

Before he went paw He was tellin us all about the grate things he ast to Do when He lived on a Farm. It's a wonder peepke Didn't come from miles around to See paw.

So when we Got out paw He thot He would Sho us how to milk a cow and Unkle Henry Give him a pale and a Stool with only One Laig what paw had to Balance himself on.

They was a nice Sad looked cow what was all Black with a White Stripe around Where Wimmen Waite there corset and Unkle Henry told paw she was as Gentle as a lam, so paw took off his cote and cuffs and let maw Hold Them, and pulled up His Sleeves and Set Down on the Stool with one laig and held the pale Between His nees and Grabbed Hold with Both Hands.

The furst stream shot out where paw wasnt Lookin fer it and went all over His Best pants and maw she Begin to jaw and told him He couldn't afford to Go and rooin His close jist to she off.

"Oh, Don't make a Fuss about nothin," paw says. "That wout hurt. You can take it out with a little gas a lean. You Couldn't expect a person what was all out of practus to Set rite Down and do this as Good as if He was Keepin at it Every Day. But I'll Be all rite in a minute or two."

About that Time the cow wanted to nock a fly off Her Side, so she switched around and got her tale mixed up with paw's mustash and paw He had to spit as Hard as He could fer quite a while and He fergot to milk.

Then He Begun agin and His hand Slipt and the Stream Hit maw jist Below the Ear and run Down inside of her collar. Maw she yelled and Dropt paw's cuffs, and the pupp thot it was the Cow's folt so he made a Grab at her heels and the Cow Strept on paw's foot and the stool with one laig went over Backwards and the milk what paw hapened to Git in the pale run under His Vest when He was layin there with His feet in the air and a Look on His fahs what made me Think of the Dying gladdyater in the pickture.

"Oh, paw," maw hollered, "why was you sich a fool as to try it?"

"Git away from me," paw sed when maw wanted to help Him to Git up. "If it Hadn't of Bin fer you this woudn't of hapened. If you woud of stayed in the house Where wimmen Belong they Woudn't of Been no Trouble."

By that Time He was on His feet So the pupp was Lookin up in His fahs and waggin His tale kind of pleasant and paw Hauld off and Give a Klek at Him. But the pupp wasnt there when paw's Foot Reached the place and the Straw He was standin on was purty slippy.

I don't no whether the Damidge to paw's pants or His Shoulder Blads was the most turrible.

Ennyway he was a noffal lookin site when we got Him to the House and maw Had to almost Weep every time She looked at His pants. He only wuns Them Wunst Before. So He had to go to Bed while maw was Tryin to Git the milk off and sow them so the laigs woud stay together. I poked my Hed in the Room where he was layin readin the Bible to pass away the Time and Says:

"Paw."

"What?" paw ast.

"I Bet I no How you can git richer than if you Discovered a Gold mine."

"How?" he says.

"By Bildin a Fence around Yourself and Chargin folks to Git in Every time you try to Do ennything."

I could tell by what He sed that it was lucky paw Couldn't come outside.

GEORGIE.

—Chicago Times-Herald.

Needless Solitude.



Master—Mary, I wish you would be more careful. I am very sorry to hear my wife has to scold you so often.

Mary—Oh, don't you mind me, sir. I don't take any notice of it.

## TEST THE KIDNEYS,

And if they are diseased use the World's Greatest Kidney Cure,

## DR. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS.

It's a simple matter to test the kidneys. You need not consult a doctor. By asking yourself three questions you can determine whether or not your kidneys are deranged.

First: "Have you backache or weak, lame back?"

Second: "Do you have difficulty in urinating or too frequent desire to urinate?"

Third: "Are there deposits like brickdust in the urine after it has stood for twenty-four hours?"

In its early stages kidney disease is readily cured by a few boxes of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, a preparation which has made Dr. Chase famous throughout the world for his wonderful cures of diseases of the kidneys.

If you have kidney disease you can take Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills with perfect confidence that what has proved an absolute cure in so many thousands of cases will not fail you. So long as the cells of the kidneys are not completely wasted away, as in the last stages of Bright's Disease, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills will give them new vigor and strength and absolutely cure kidney disease. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto, Ont.



# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.

Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

### Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, such as By-Laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 5c.—solid nonpareil measurement.

### JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ,—  
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1899.

### THE RAILWAY OUTLOOK.

The following article appears as an editorial in the Edmonton Bulletin, a paper owned and edited by Frank Oliver, M.P.:

"The fact that a railway company has been chartered and a railway subsidized to the extent of \$3,200 in cash per mile to cross the Saskatchewan at Edmonton and run westerly towards the Yellow-head pass, makes the outlook very hopeful for Edmonton and all the country to the north and west of the Saskatchewan. But the bare facts, as stated, do not by any means tell the whole story. Many railway companies are chartered that never build, and frequently subsidies are granted that are never earned. While the action of parliament is a recognition of the present prosperity and future progress of the district, and is a very direct offer of support to that prosperity and aid to that progress, it is not of itself conclusive. The provisions of the subsidy grant, the conditions attached to it, the remarks of the Minister of Railways in connection, and the surrounding circumstances generally, have to be considered to understand the full force and effect of the announcement of a subsidy of \$3,200 per mile, which appears in the subsidy act of last session, and which is as follows:

"To the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific Railway company, for a railway from the town of South Edmonton, Northwest Territories, to North Edmonton, and thence westerly towards the Yellow Head pass, a distance not exceeding 50 miles."

A subsequent clause of the same act reads as follows:

"The subsidies granted to the Ontario and Rainy River Railway Company, the Canadian Northern Railway Company, and the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific Railway Company are granted upon the condition, and, if received and paid under the authority of this act to the above mentioned companies respectively, shall be received upon the condition that the said companies shall not, nor shall any of them, at any time amalgamate with, or lease its line or lines to any railway company other than those mentioned in this section, except as may be authorized by parliament; nor shall any of the said railways be leased to or operated by any other company; nor shall any of the said companies make any agreement for a common fund or for pooling its receipts with any other company; and any such lease, amalgamation or agreement shall be void, except in so far as such agreement may extend to traffic or running arrangements which have been approved by the governor in council."

In explanation of this section the minister of railways said:

"The Canadian Northern Railway Company is the company which has been incorporated by parliament to build a road in extension of what is now called the Dauphin line, running up into the Saskatchewan country, and from Swan River, which is the present terminus of the Northern line, in an almost direct westerly course to Edmonton. I think a company has been chartered by an act of this parliament to construct a line through to that point."

"The Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific is the company which has been incorporated by parliament to construct beyond Edmonton, northerly and westerly through either the Peace River pass or the Yellow Head pass and through to the Pacific coast. These three lines are lines which it may be desirable hereafter, and in the interests of the whole country, to amalgamate together. That is a possibility of the future, and if they are constructed, as I think they will be, I believe the missing links between them will be built and when they are built they will constitute an additional transcontinental line."

A lengthy discussion followed from which it appeared that the clause against amalgamation was intended to ensure

that the several roads mentioned should constitute a competitor with the C.P.R. from Lake Superior to the Pacific by way of the Saskatchewan valley. The subsidy for the Edmonton section of the road received a great deal of factious opposition from Hon. Mr. Foster, leader of the Opposition, so that there was a very full discussion of the whole affair in parliament.

The fact that the several sections of the route have received at one session of parliament in all \$1,828,000 in bonuses, and that these and other bonuses already granted by Manitoba and Ontario, are sufficient to ensure the completion of the most expensive and least productive part of the road—most of which is already under contract—which the statements of the Minister of Railways, the favorable attitude of a large majority on both sides of the House, and the standing and reputation as railway men of Messrs. Mackenzie & Mann, who are pushing the project, together constitute an absolute assurance of the early completion of the whole scheme. By this project the whole Saskatchewan valley will be opened for settlement, not by branches, but by a great and possibly independent transcontinental line. The country for 250 miles westward to the base of the Rockies will also be opened up. At the same time the agreement between the town of Edmonton and the Edmonton district railway still holds good with the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific; so that the local danger which we might otherwise fear in the face of such a great project has been provided against in good time, and does not now exist; even it had not become a part of the declared policy of the Government to protect established interests.

"A further amount of bonus equal to that which has been voted this year would be sufficient to establish connection through from Lake Superior to Edmonton, or in other words to fill in the links yet wanting in the chain. There can be no doubt from the temper of parliament and of the Government at the late session that the money will be forthcoming when needed, or that it will be needed in good time. Part of the link between Winnipeg and Port Arthur is already completed, a large part more is under contract, and work is progressing. Two hundred miles of the Great Northern or Dauphin section will be completed this fall, and there is every prospect that the work will be pushed on both the Dauphin extension towards Prince Albert and on the Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific to and west of Edmonton next summer."

"An important improvement in the Government policy of dealing with western railways is manifested in the subsidy act. Hitherto while western railroads were bonused by western lands, and eastern railroads were bonused by cash, which western people had to help to pay, in the subsidies for this year no land grants appear, and western railroads are placed on the same footing as eastern in receiving a straight cash subsidy of \$3,200 per mile. This is a measure of justice to the west that should not go without proper recognition."

### CANADA'S LUMBER WEALTH.

While most Canadians are accustomed in a general and very indefinite way to speak of the forest wealth of Canada as a pretty considerable item in her national resources, it is perhaps not generally realized that the Dominion has far greater timber resources both in quantity and quality than any other country in the world. According to figures recently compiled from official resources, the forest area of Canada extends to no fewer than 799,230,720 acres, the country next approaching it being Russia with 498,200,000 acres, the United States with 450,000,000 acres, and India with 140,000,000 acres. Taking pine alone it is estimated that there are 19,404,000,000 board feet standing in Ontario, 15,734,000,000 board feet in Quebec, and 2,200,000,000 board feet in the other provinces, a total of 37,338,000,000 board feet. Of a total of 3,315,000 square miles of territory in the Dominion, it is estimated that there are 1,248,758 square miles of forest, and the exports of forest products in 1898 totalled \$31,640,000. These figures show clearly what an enormous field the still is for the development of these forests as well as giving us a very concise idea as to the vast value of such an asset to the Empire at large. With Canada to draw on the Empire need never seek timber from foreign growers.

### AGAINST LOCAL IMPROVEMENT.

A committee of Maple Creek ranchers are petitioning the Dominion Government to annul the amendments made to the Local Improvement Ordinance at the last session of the Legislature. The position that the petitioners take is that under the North-West Territories Act it was never intended to grant the Assembly power to create districts, with power to raise taxes therein, without the consent of the people therein; that the said amendments assume the power to tax lands belonging to the Crown, that have been leased for grazing purposes; and that even if the Assembly had the power the amendments should be disallowed on the ground that the tax is unjust in that the holders of such leases are already paying for such privileges, while such parties who do not obtain such leases are

## The Children's Column.

### AUTUMN.

All day the leaves have been falling;  
All day the crows have been calling  
Caw! caw! let us fly to our faraway home.

All night the wind has been blowing;  
All night the clouds have been snowing;  
The summer is ended and winter has come.

### THE WIND AND THE SUN.

"I am stronger than you," said the wind to the sun.  
"No," said the sun, "I am the stronger."  
"Let us see," said the wind.  
Just then a man came by. He wore a heavy coat.

"I can tear that coat off," said the wind. So it blew and blew.  
But the more it blew, the closer the man held his coat.

"Now let me try," said the sun. So it beat on the man's head.  
Then the man grew so hot he took his coat off.

"You see," said the sun, "I am the stronger."

### THE MOON.

The little moon  
Came out too soon,  
And in her fright,  
Looked thin and white.

The stars then shone,  
And every one  
Twinkled and winked  
And laughed and blinked.

The great sun now rolled forth in might,  
And drove them all quite out of sight.

### THE BROKEN EGG.

Tom looked up into the tree.  
He saw a nest.  
He threw his cap at it.  
An egg fell down.

The mother-bird had only three little ones.  
She should have had four.

### LULLABY.

A little boat sails on the sea,  
My baby is laughing at me,  
Blow, breezes, blow!

But now more slowly it goes,  
And tired wee eyelids close,  
Low, breezes, low.

### THE FRIGHTENED RATS.

A man had a rat in a trap.  
He did not kill him.  
He fixed a bell on his neck and let him go.

The rat ran back to his home.  
But the bell frightened the other rats.  
They all ran off.

also exempt from said tax, on the assumption that they are not occupiers of land. The petitioners further claim that the mode of assessment is also unjust in that all lands are assessed at one value or amount, without any reference to the actual value of the same.

When Frank Oliver pushed his way north and got out the first issue of the Edmonton Bulletin, says the New Denver Ledger, there were few white people around where Edmonton now stands, and only one stove. Stoves came high about that time and the first lot in camp sold for \$72 each. Oliver, like most pioneer journalists, was a strong character. He was an abstainer from alcoholic beverages, and never went against any of the prohibition whiskey that found its way into camp. He used to swear like a mule driver and often saw snakes. His office was built of logs, and the floor was of mud mixed with small poplar logs. While Frank was setting type, the snakes would pop their heads up between the logs and take observations. As Frank did not drink, he knew the snakes were real and not an optical illusion. They do not infest the Bulletin office any more, as the march of time has changed the floor and driven the snakes to pastures new and Frank to Ottawa as a member of the House of Commons.—Calgary Herald.

Here's an extract from Kipling which shows that he knows something about Canada:

"It is a great country, a country with a future. There is a fine, hard, bracing climate, the climate that puts iron and grit into men's bones, and there are all good things to be got out of the ground if men work for them. What it wants is more men and more money. Why don't Englishmen think more of it as a field for English capital and enterprise? Surely there is an excellent opening both for the investing and emigrating Briton there. Things don't perhaps move quite as fast as they do in the United States."

but they are safer, and you are under the flag you know and among men of the same stock and breed. Send your folks to Canada; and if they can't go themselves, let them send their money—plenty of it.

Toronto Mail and Empire: It looks very much as if Canada would distance the United States in the race for Britain's butter market as much as in that for the British cheese market. In the present season we have shipped more than twice as much butter to Great Britain as we shipped last season. Since navigation opened we have sent forward 230,000 packages, as against 110,000 packages sent forward by the United States. As in the case of our cheese exports, our neighbors have tried to trade on our reputation, as a very considerable quantity of their butter has been shipped via the St. Lawrence.

The Canada North-West Land Company sold 9,120 acres last month for \$50,500, against 5,000 acres in the same month last year for \$20,000. The C.P.R. sold 27,200 acres for \$83,921, compared with 16,500 for \$54,000 last year. The M. S. W. Ry. Co. sold 7,823 acres for \$20,783. The total land sales of the North-West Land Company for the last eight months have aggregated 55,000 acres for \$235,000. The impetus of this growing time in the demand for farm lands will be still further increased by the news of the harvesting time, which is being spread near and far.

The Canadian Pacific Railway company have announced a reduction of their elevator storage charges at Port William. The new basis provided for a rate of half a cent per bushel for elevating, including fifteen days' storage, cost of cleaning and spouting to vessels. The old rate was 3/4c per bushel, including twenty days' storage, and 1/2c for each additional thirty days storage.

WAGBORN'S BUILDING & CONTRACTING CO. LTD.

## The People's Store

### BOOTS & SHOES

Largest and best patterns.

### DRY GOODS

Complete stock to choose from.

### FURNISHINGS

Up-to-Date in every line.

### HARDWARE

Builder's buy from us—it pays.

### RELIABLE GOODS

in Paints, Oils and Kalsomine.

Best Prices  
Going...

Richard Bogue.

## THE PINEAPPLE CURE.

Is Not Only the Pleasantest But the Surest Means of Cure in All Stomach Troubles.

Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are an unfailing and delicious remedy for dyspepsia and all the distressing consequences of impaired digestion. The juice of the pineapple abounds in vegetable pepsin, an invaluable product, in that it is nature's chief aid in digesting all kinds of food. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets contain this grand essence of the luscious fruit in a consolidated form. Eat them like candy, or let them dissolve in the mouth. They are efficacious and pleasant: will at once relieve all the afflicting symptoms of faulty digestion, and will cure the most inveterate case of dyspepsia. Box of 60 Tablets, 35 cents.

### Because It's Advertised.

One of our prominent business men handed us the following lines clipped from a magazine, with the suggestion that we give it a place as it contains some valuable suggestions:

"What makes you buy that brand of soap?"

I asked a woman shrewd:  
"Some others have greater scope—  
Their names I have reviewed.  
"What makes me buy that brand of soap?"  
The woman looked surprised—  
And thus she answered my demand—  
"Because it's advertised."

"Why do you choose that ribbon fair?"  
I asked a little miss:  
"The other stores had others there.  
Why did you ask for this?"  
She glared at me with pitying eye,  
My face she criticised.  
Then answered very simply, "Why,  
Because it's advertised."

"What makes you always buy that wine?"  
I asked a business friend:  
"It's quite a favorite of mine."  
"But why select this brand?"  
He looked astonished, and my aim  
He had not recognized:  
But still he answered just the same—  
"Because it's advertised."

And so you'll find where'er you go,  
Whatever people buy  
The goods that have the greatest show,  
And on which folks rely,  
Are those made known through printer's ink.  
And, it may be surmised,  
Their merit is, the people think,  
"Because they're advertised."

### THERE'S ALWAYS HOPE.

Bright's Disease and Kidney Troubles Have Lost Their Terrors—  
South American Kidney Cure Wages a Successful War.

A young man studying for the ministry and the son of a well-known western merchant, dropped into a drug store and in a very discouraged mood said to the proprietor, "I am quitting my studies and going home to I know not what. My physician says I have Bright's Disease and cannot pursue my studies." That druggist knew from experience the almost miraculous cure in his own case made by South American Kidney Cure. He recommended it to the young man and in less than a month he was back to his studies again a perfectly cured man. South American Kidney Cure is a liquid kidney specific.

A Moose Jawite whose privilege it was to visit a town not a thousand miles away, tells a good story of how he was being shown around by a friend, who took him into several of the leading business places. Of course he left the best to the last, and on entering the largest general store in the town, "Here," exclaimed the enthusiastic citizen, "is a store that carries a \$16,000 stock—the largest in the whole North-West!" The Moose Jawite was nonplused and confounded, but meekly replied that Moose Jaw had several stores that carried over \$16,000 stocks, and one carried a stock of nearly \$50,000.

### DEATH'S CLOSE NEIGHBOR.

For Twenty Years Mrs. Roadhouse Was a Subject of Dread Heart Disease—Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Gave Her Relief in Less Than Half an Hour.

Mrs. Roadhouse, of Williscroft, Ont., is fifty-four years old. For more than twenty years she had been a great sufferer from heart disease, the pain and palpitation at times lasting for five hours, and so acute that often she wished for death that she might find relief from her sufferings, but she was attracted to Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart through reading of the wonderful cure wrought by it. She commenced using it and in one of her most distressing heart spasms found complete relief inside of thirty minutes. She swears by it to-day as the only heart cure.

About 2 o'clock on Saturday morning a freight train met with an accident near Walsh, east of Medicine Hat, caused by a broken wheel. Three or four box cars jumped the track blocking the line for the Imperial Limited, which had to wait until the wreckage was cleared away.

Stovel's Pocket Directory for October is to hand with all the latest corrections.

### THE DOCTOR'S CONSOLATION.

Told Mr. Hill He Was a Dying Man, But South American Nerve Cure When Hope Was Abandoned.

Mr. W. J. Hill, a well-known man in Bracebridge, Ont., suffered for years from liver trouble, dyspepsia and nervous weakness. He says he tried nearly every remedy in the market which claimed to meet his case without success. He was told by a physician that he was a dying man. He began taking South American Nerve Cure and found almost immediate benefit from its use. He continued using it, and to-day says he would stake his life on this great remedy as a cure for all like sufferers to himself.

## BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T. Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

W. E. WILLOUGHBY, B.A. LL.B. Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, & Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada. Bellamy Block Moose Jaw Assn.

LAWRENCE KING. Barrister, Advocate, Etc. Office: Main St. Moose Jaw.

T. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, Etc. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose St., Regina.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH. Office in Bole's block, cor. Main and River streets.

A. R. TURNBULL, M.D., C.M. J. W. McCulloch, M.D.

S. W. RADCLIFFE, M.D. Physician and Surgeon. Office at Colling's Drug Store, Main Street.

D. P. F. SIZE, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S. SURGEON DENTIST. Moose Jaw, Assn. Office, Bellamy's Block. Open 6th to 20th each month. For in town during the remainder of each month see card on office door. All branches in dentistry skillfully performed.

H. McDOUGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

SEYMOUR GREEN, Registrar, Etc., Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Homestead Entries made, Fire Insurance, Farms and other lands for sale. Town lots for sale.

PERCY BEESLEY, Architect. Plans and Specifications prepared at moderate charges. Address, Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

O. B. FISH, Auctioneer and Valuator. Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw, Assn.

W. M. J. COSGRAVE, Wholesale Wine, Liquor and Cigar Merchant, Main Street, Moose Jaw, Assn.

J. A. McDONALD, BLACKSMITH. Manufacturer of McDonald's Weed Destroyer and Cultivator. High Street, West, Moose Jaw, Assn.

## The Farmers' Commercial Union.

Regular meetings of the Farmer's Commercial Union will be held in the Orange Hall, Caron, on the 1st day of each month, at 7 o'clock p.m. SAMUEL GILFILLAN, President; Z. GATTEL, Sec. Treasurer.

J. Brass, TINSMITH. Job Work a Specialty. Repairing Promptly Executed.

Oxford Stoves and Ranges.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. Anyone sending a sketch and description will quickly ascertain our opinion from whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co., 36 Broadway, New York. Branch Office, 225 F. St., Washington, D. C.

McDonald

& Riddell.

LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES

First class rigs and good driving horses to hire on reasonable terms. Draying done to all parts of the town. Best accommodation for the general public.

McDonald & Riddell, High St., Moose Jaw.



## Church Directory.

### BAPTIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. G. W. Young.  
Services—Sunday, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; B. Y. P. U. Mon-  
day evening at 8 o'clock; Prayer meeting  
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.  
All are cordially invited.

### PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Services—Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.,  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Thursday, Prayer  
Meeting, 7:30.  
Everybody welcome.

### METHODIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. O. Darwin.  
Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11  
a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m.;  
E. L. of C. E. Monday evening at 8 p.m.;  
Prayer Meeting Thursday evening at 8  
o'clock.  
The public are cordially invited. All  
seats free.

### CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST. (ANGLO-CAN.)

Rector—Rev. J. S. Chivers, A.R.C.  
Services—Sunday, Celebration of Holy  
Communion at 8 o'clock on 1, 3, 5 and 7 Sun-  
days in month; Morning, Litany and Sermon  
at 11 a.m.; Celebration after Morning at 11  
and 4 Sunday; Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.;  
Evangelism and Sermon at 7 p.m. Matins  
daily at 10 a.m. Evensong daily at 5 p.m.;  
Friday at 7:30 p.m.  
All seats free. Everybody welcome. Hymns  
Ancient and Modern are used.

## MR. FOSTER'S FIGURES.

### THE OPPOSITION'S REPLY TO CARTWRIGHT

By Giving Percentages He  
Proves Sir Richard's Contention  
That Canada Has Made  
More Rapid Progress During  
the Past Three Years Than  
at Any Other Period Since  
Confederation.

OTTAWA, Sept. 23, 1899.—After a month  
of anxious preparation the Federal Op-  
position has made its promised counter-  
demonstration to the great Cartwright  
meeting in Toronto, bringing before the  
electorate, in the head-centre and strong-  
hold of Conservatism in the Dominion,  
the strongest Federal and Provincial  
combination that could be secured. Hon.  
Geo. E. Foster, with his eight years' ex-  
perience as Federal finance minister, is  
admittedly the authority in that branch  
of public affairs in the Opposition camp,  
in addition to which he is recognized by  
friend and foe alike as a keen debater, an  
incisive speaker, and withal an agreeable  
and entertaining platform orator. He  
evidently realized that he had no light  
task set him when he was expected to  
overcome the impression created by Sir  
Richard Cartwright's masterly enuncia-  
tion of public affairs, and with the tact  
of the experienced public speaker he oc-  
cupied the first fifteen or twenty minutes  
of his time in

#### TACKLING THE RISIBILITIES

of a sympathetic and appreciative audience  
—for by admitting carefully selected  
ticket holders only, all wicked Liberals  
were rigidly excluded—by a succession  
of time honored quibbles and topical jokes,  
the report of which in the party organs  
next morning was punctuated every  
second line with "Great Laughter," "Re-  
newed Laughter" and so forth.

#### A QUESTION OF PERCENTAGE.

But what of the figures which were  
then served up to his amused audience  
and to the country? They were princi-  
pally a list of so-called percentages in  
which the increases in various directions,  
railway mileage, vessel tonnage, certain  
carefully selected lines of export, etc.,  
for the period of eighteen years, previous  
to the fall of the Conservative Govern-  
ment in 1896 and from the latter date to  
the present time were compared. Lack  
of space prevents me from examining  
each detail of this list, but two or three  
examples may be given to show the ex-  
tent to which the ex-finance minister  
presumed on the ignorance or gullibility  
of his audience, and as demonstrating the  
truth of the adage that figures may be  
made to prove anything.

Speaking of vessel tonnage Mr. Foster  
stated that from 1888 to 1896 the increase  
was 70 per cent., while from 1896 to 1899  
the increase was only 13 per cent. The  
intention of course was to create the im-  
pression that there was a drop from 70  
per cent. to 13 per cent since the Liberals  
assumed office, whereas the least reflec-  
tion will demonstrate the fact that 70  
per cent. increase in twenty-eight years is  
only two and a half per cent. per annum,  
whereas 13 per cent. increase in three  
years is four and a third per cent. per  
annum, so that Mr. Foster proves by his  
own figures that the rate of increase in  
vessel tonnage since the change of Govern-  
ment is nearly double what it was  
during the previous two decades. So,  
too, in the item of the export of animal  
products and agricultural products, his  
comparison of the eighteen years that the  
Conservatives were in office with the last  
three years gives 160 per cent. in-  
crease in the one case as against 30 per  
cent. in the other, but 160 per cent. in  
eighteen years is an average annual in-  
crease of less than nine percent., whereas  
thirty per cent. in three years is ten per  
cent. These are but a couple of examples  
of the style of argument which Mr.  
Foster advanced to show the fallacy of  
Sir Richard Cartwright's contention,  
made in the name of the Liberal party,  
that the country has made more rapid  
progress in the last three years than at  
any other period since Confederation,  
but to the average intellect the correction  
is the further astray of the two.

#### GOOD WINE NEEDS NO RUSH.

After all is said and done, though, it  
is not figures that the people require to  
demonstrate to them the condition of the  
country. If business is stagnant, work  
unobtainable, the necessities of life costly  
and money scarce, a whole blue book  
full of figures will never convince a man  
that the country is prosperous, but when  
all these conditions are reversed, the in-  
telligent elector, while recognizing the  
hand of Providence showering upon the  
country the blessings of an abundant  
harvest, also appreciates the benefits  
which accrue from the administration of  
the country's affairs being in the hands

of men who, by improving transportation  
facilities by land and water, constructing  
necessary public works, compelling better  
terms from the great carrying corpora-  
tions, refusing to give public monies to  
private corporations without adequate  
return and in many other ways have  
secured the very best results to the coun-  
try therefrom.

#### IMPROVING THE STOCK.

An interesting and most important an-  
nouncement comes from Winnipeg to the  
effect that the C.P.R. Company are about  
to repeat an experiment which they made  
some years ago when they supplied  
settlers in the Red River Valley with  
high grade seed grain, the growing of  
which has made the reputation of Mani-  
toba as a wheat producing country. This  
time, however, the company is turning  
its attention to stock-raising and is  
arranging to send from the east a ship-  
ment of thoroughbreds to enable the  
farmers, who are annually increasing  
their interest in stock-raising, to improve  
the standard of their cattle and pigs.  
The animals that are going west are all  
prize-winners at the leading fair fairs, and  
are the best that can be purchased in the  
Dominion to day. Of course the com-  
pany are not actuated by philanthropic  
motives alone in this action, but east and  
west alike will hope that they may in the  
future reap the benefit of many an ad-  
ditional car load of cattle raised by the  
western farmer, and of a character that  
will admit them to the best markets of  
the world.

#### NEMESIS STILL LAGS BEHIND.

Sir Charles Tupper is once more back  
from England and has arrived at his  
home in the capital as vigorous and full  
of fight as ever. He is, however, some-  
what more cautious in his predictions of  
what the immediate future may have in  
store in the way of political development;  
so cautious in fact that his journalistic  
interviewers do not appear to have ob-  
tained a very clear idea of his views. To  
a Mail Empire representative in Montreal  
he is reported to have declared that he  
would be "rather surprised if the Govern-  
ment should in the existing condition of  
the public mind venture upon a general  
election," while to the Ottawa Citizen re-  
porter the following day he is stated to  
have expressed the belief that "it was  
the Government's present intent to hold  
the election at an early day." In either  
case dire disaster to the said Government  
would of course follow, as it has been  
following—according to Sir Charles—  
ever since the last general election. To  
the ordinary observer, however, the long  
looked for disaster will have to material-  
ize nevertheless, and before it can hope  
to overtake the Government it has been  
so long following. All of which would  
appear to indicate that Sir Charles doesn't  
know a great deal more about it than the  
rest of us.

#### THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

The special commission having in hand  
the onerous business of preparing Cana-  
dian exhibits for the Paris exposition  
next year has all the details of arrange-  
ments well forward. The momentary  
excitement created the other day by the  
verdict in the Dreyfus case, which led to  
the suggestion that Canada boycott the  
show, appears to have had but little  
effect, for it is stated that instead of a  
boycott the great difficulty appears to be  
to secure sufficient space for all the ex-  
hibits that are offering. That Canada  
will be worthily represented there can  
now be no doubt, but it should be borne  
in mind by exhibitors that all articles  
intended for exhibition must be delivered  
to the care of the Government, either  
here or in Montreal not later than Wed-  
nesday, Nov. 8th, next.

#### Valley Lodge No. 1 I.O.O.F.

Valley Lodge No. 1 I.O.O.F. held their  
regular meeting last Friday night. Dur-  
ing the evening the N.G. Mr. C. A. Gass,  
announced a short intermission, and  
called brother L. Rankine forward,  
whereupon the Secretary read to him a  
short address from the members of the  
lodge, expressing their appreciation of  
his work in connection with re-organiza-  
tion. The address was accompanied by  
a beautiful silver smoking set as a token  
of remembrance. Mr. Rankine made a  
suitable reply and took his seat amid the  
applause of the brethren.  
Notwithstanding that Valley Lodge  
has been re-organized but two months,  
the membership already numbers be-  
tween forty and fifty, and every meeting  
night several initiations take place.  
Visiting brethren are cordially invited  
and among the large number of strangers  
in town there are a good many Odd-  
fellows, and each meeting has been  
favored with a visit from some of these.

## What Shall Be Done

### FOR THE DELICATE GIRL

You have tried iron and  
other tonics. But she keeps  
pale and thin. Her sallow  
complexion worries you. Per-  
haps she has a little hacking  
cough also. Her head aches;  
and she cannot study. Give her

## Scott's Emulsion

The oil will feed her wasting  
body; the glycerine will soothe  
her cough, and the hypophos-  
phites will give new power and  
vigor to her nerves and brain.  
Never say you "cannot  
take cod-liver oil" until you  
have tried Scott's Emulsion.  
You will be obliged to change  
your opinion at once. Children  
especially become very fond  
of it; and infants do not know  
when it is added to their food.

50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

## LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

The undersigned wishes to  
announce that he has leas-  
ed the River Street stables  
from Mr. G. M. Annible,  
and is now conducting a  
livery, feed and sale busi-  
ness, and is prepared to  
furnish first-class rigs and  
good driving horses on  
shortest notice. Draying  
done to all parts of the  
town at moderate charges.  
Horses and cattle bought  
and sold on commission.  
A share of your patronage  
respectfully solicited.

Jos. E. Battell.

## Frank J. Grobb,

DEALER IN AGRICULTURAL  
IMPLEMENTS.

Agent for J. I. Case Threshing  
Machines, Horse Powers and En-  
gines; McCormick Binders, Mow-  
ers and Steel Rakes; Sylvester  
Hoe, Press, and Stephenson Double  
Disc Drills; John Deer Riding and  
Walking Plows; Diamond Tooth  
and Disc Harrows and Weeders;  
American Rushford Farm Wagons.

REPAIRS ALWAYS ON HAND.

A CALL SOLICITED.

## MONEY TALKS.

It will pay you to get  
our prices for . . .

Lumber, Lath,  
Shingles, Mouldings,  
Doors, Windows,  
Building Paper,  
Fence Posts, &c. &c.

and in fact everything in connection  
with the building trade.

H. McDOUGALL.

G. B. Sharpe Mgr.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

## THE Imperial Limited

The quickest and finest train  
crossing the continent.

To MONTREAL,  
TORONTO, and  
THE EAST.  
VANCOUVER,  
SEATTLE, and  
THE COAST.  
KOOTENAY LANDING,  
NELSON, and  
ROSSLAND.

Tickets at summer excursion rates  
to the east still on sale. Cheap  
rates to the Old Country.

For information and full particulars apply  
to nearest agent or address

C. E. McPHERSON,  
Traffic Manager,  
Winnipeg.

WM. STITT,  
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.,  
Winnipeg, Man.

### WANTED.

Wanted, at once, a dining room girl,  
also kitchen girl. First class wages paid.  
MRS. COLBOURNE, Ottawa Hotel,  
Moose Jaw.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE ON TRAINS  
AT BOOKSTORES 50c

## FAMOUS STOVES.

"Red Cross Signal," "Famous  
Parlor," "Famous Oak," "Kitch-  
en," and "Kootenay" are the  
names of a few of the  
"Famous" stoves included in our  
last car load just received. They  
are all "Famous" because they have  
a "famous" record for their durabil-  
ity as quick bakers, superior heat-  
ers, and "solid" comforters. When  
buying a stove, secure a good one  
from

G. K. SMITH.

Hardware Merchant, Practical Tin-  
smith, and Furnace Work  
a specialty

## SOAPS!

All prices from 5c.  
to 50c. a cake.

See our Line...

Of Tooth, Hair and Cloth  
Brushes.

E. L. COLLING.

## Central Hall.

Notice is hereby given that the under-  
signed has disposed of Central Hall to  
the Salvation Army, to take effect on  
Nov. 1st. After that date it will cease to  
be a place for public entertainments.

Robert Snoddy.

## ARE YOU FOND OF A GOOD BOOK?

We have on hand the latest  
works of standard authors and  
the latest books by the best  
writers of the day. The Moose  
Jaw Circulating Library of  
Good Literature is now open.  
Fifteen books for one dollar.

## THE BAZAAR

### BABY BUGGIES

### SELLING AT COST.

Buggies that were \$8.50	now \$6.25
" " " 10.00	" 7.50
" " " 12.25	" 13.00
" " " 12.00	" 14.75

Large stock of furniture and  
undertaking supplies.

### BELLAMY'S FURNITURE STORE

## UNION BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Paid Up . . . \$2,000,000  
Res. . . . . 450,000

HEAD OFFICE . . . QUEBEC.

Andrew Thomson, Esq., . . . President.  
Hon. E. J. Poirer, . . . Vice-Pres.  
E. E. Webb, . . . General Manager.  
J. G. Billett, . . . Inspector.

#### BRANCHES.

Alexandria, Ont.	Manitow, Man.
Boisbassin, Man.	Morden, "
Carberry, "	Melita, "
Carmar, "	Moosemin, N.W.T.
Crystal City, Man.	Moose Jaw, "
Carleton Place, Ont.	Norwood, Ont.
Calgary, N.W.T.	Neepawa, Man.
Deloraine, Man.	Ottawa, Ont.
Glenboro, "	Quebec, Que.
Gretna, "	Quebec, N. Lewis, S.
Hartney, "	Regina, N.W.T.
Humboldt, "	Stellburne, Ont.
Holland, "	Smith's Falls, Ont.
Hastings, Ont.	Sonria, Man.
Indian Head, N.W.T.	Toronto, Ont.
Killarney, Man.	Virden, Man.
Lethbridge, N.W.T.	Winnipeg, Ont.
Macleod, "	Winnipeg, Ont.
Merrickville, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.
Minnedosa, Man.	Wawanesa, "
Montreal, Quebec.	Yorkton, "

#### MOOSE JAW BRANCH.

Deposits received and general banking  
business transacted.  
Interest allowed on saving and special  
deposits.  
Drafts sold, available at all points in Can-  
ada, United States and England.

G. A. FISHER, Sub. Manager

## Hitchcock and McCulloch,

Bankers and Financial Agents.  
Moose Jaw, Assiniboia.

Five per cent. interest allowed on Deposit accounts.  
Current accounts conducted on favorable terms.  
Collections solicited. Prompt returns.  
Drafts and Cheques bought and sold.  
Correspondents:—Bank of Montreal.

## Brandon Marble & Granite Works, SOMERVILLE & CO.

The Leading Manufacturers of Fine Marble and Granite  
Monuments, Headstones, Cemetery Fencing,  
Mantle Pieces, Tablets, Etc.

ROSSER AVE., BRANDON, MAN.  
Wait for our W. Somerville who represents us in the West.

## CROWS NEST PASS COAL.

## Get Your Window and Door Frames

Made at the Factory.

Also anything else in the Building line including Mould-  
ing, Turning, Band Sawing, Latches, Locks, Hinges, &c.  
Windows, Doors, Mouldings, Nails, Putty, and Glue.  
Common Window and Plate Glasses, also Muffle  
Green, Ruby, Maze, Florentine, and Figured Glasses.

Leave us your order for storm windows and  
doors now and be comfortable  
when winter comes.

E. SIMPSON & CO.

## Sporting Goods!

A Full Line.

Ammunition loaded to order while you wait.  
Full line of Guns, Shells, Coats, &c.  
Guns for hire by the Day.

B. L. MOORHOUSE.

FRUIT.—Lowest quotations for preserving fruit.  
Leave your orders early.

## A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH

to send home, or to  
give to a friend . . .

Look at my Samples

N. J. PORTER.

Studio, Main Street.

## Shorey's Clare Serge Suits

Made of  
Fast Blue  
Serge  
20 oz. to  
the yard.

Not made  
to order  
but made  
to fit.

Sold only by  
the best  
Clothing  
dealers for



\$12.00 A SUIT

Tailors' price for the same  
goods \$20.00.

## Farms for Sale!

Many being largely improved.

SE.	34	15	24	W 2
SE.	24	15	25	"
NE.	32	18	25	"
NW.	16	16	26	"
SE.	24	17	26	"
NE.	32	18	26	"
NE.	36	16	27	"
SE.	12	17	28	"

Those marked \* are also to rent.

PRICES REASONABLE, TERMS EASY.

Correspondence invited and promptly  
answered.

G. A. MUTTLEBURY,

150 Main St., Winnipeg.

## OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

#### SAILING DATES.

FROM MONTREAL.  
Californian—Allan Line . . . Oct. 12  
Tahiti—Allan Line . . . Oct. 19  
Dominion—Dominion Line . . . Oct. 19  
Canadian—Canadian Line . . . Oct. 28  
Lake Huron—Beaver Line . . . Oct. 11  
Lake Ontario—Beaver Line . . . Oct. 18

FROM NEW YORK.  
Germanic—White Star Line . . . Oct. 11  
St. Louis—American Line . . . Oct. 11  
Southwest—Red Star Line . . . Oct. 11  
Union—Union Line . . . Oct. 14

Cabin, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50 and up-  
wards. Intermediate, \$12.50 and upwards.  
Storage, \$2.50 and upwards.

Passengers booked through to all points  
in Great Britain and Ireland and at special  
low rates to all parts of the European contin-  
ent. Prepaid passage arranged from all  
points.

W. C. GORDIE, Agent,  
Moose Jaw.

Or to W. P. E. COCHRAN,  
General Agent,  
C.P.R. Passenger Dept.,  
Winnipeg, Man.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE TO TRAVEL  
AND BUSINESS 50c



## BOERS EAGER TO FIGHT

BOERS TAUNT THE BRITISH WITH BEING ONLY BLUFFERS.

Transvaal War Activity—Looting on the Border—Imperial Mule Drivers Mutiny.

London, Sept. 27.—The Times has a dispatch from Johannesburg which asserts that the deal is creating the worst possible impression in the minds of the burghers, who tauntingly boast that while Great Britain deprecates delay on the part of the Boers, she intentionally and unnecessarily prolongs the controversy, because she is afraid to follow up her own game of bluff with the argument of force.

Reports are heard on all sides of the eagerness of the Boers to start hostilities, and their postponement is said to be solely due to the restraining influence of Gen. Joubert. It is added that it is believed that this influence cannot be exercised much longer. There is a circumstantial rumor that Gen. Joubert has received imperative orders from the armed burghers that unless he is prepared to take the initiative within a brief period, he must relinquish his command of the army. This is looked upon as an instructive indication for Boer feeling.

The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily News says: "The Boers have begun looting from the western border of the Transvaal. A house at Lichtenburg, belonging to a British subject, was looted in his absence, everything portable being carried off.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Pietermaritzburg, Natal, says that the colored muleteers at Ladysmith mutinied and declined to go to the front with the artillery.

The Transvaal crisis has few fresh features. It is increasingly probable that parliament will meet about the middle of October, and it is again asserted that Gen. Sir Redvers Buller, who is to have supreme command of the British forces in South Africa in the event of hostilities, will start for the Cape on Oct. 7. Nothing, however, has officially been made known on either point. The Transvaal government was in constant telegraphic communication with Bloemfontein yesterday, on the reply to Mr. Chamberlain's dispatch. It is believed that the reply will protest against the continued dispatch of British troops as a menace to the Transvaal.

The Pretoria Volksstem, the official organ of the Transvaal government, declares that the Transvaal executive ought to give Great Britain at the most forty-eight hours to reply to the Transvaal demand that no further troops be landed, pending the receipt of the British proposals.

London, Sept. 27.—The secretary of state for the home department, Sir Matthew White Ridley, speaking this evening at Blackpool, indicated that the question of sovereignty would not be used to force an issue in the Transvaal. He said, however, that the British government would insist upon a redress of the grievances of the Uitlanders, under the convention of 1881 and 1884. If these conventions had been adhered to, he declared, the present quarrel would never have been heard of.

### ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

Negotiations Between Britain and U. S. Proceeding in an Agreeable Manner.

New York, Sept. 27.—A London dispatch to the Sun says: "The Sun correspondent today visited Sir Louis Davies, Canadian minister of marine and present commissioner to England, regarding the Anglo-American disputes, and found him poring over Alaskan charts with officials of the colonial office. He seemed to be well pleased with the results of his visit so far, and intimated that he would continue his researches here for some time to come. He declared that the negotiations between Britain and the United States were proceeding in the most agreeable manner. He was still a member of the joint commission, but he could not tell when the commission would reconvene. The only point now under negotiation, he said, was the establishment of a provisional boundary at the junction of the Klebini and Chilkat rivers. The discussion of this point is proceeding satisfactorily, and he said he had no doubt that the matter would be adjusted. As that is now the only serious point at issue, when it is once settled, the establishment of a line through the mountains can be easily accomplished.

### Fifty-Three Lives Lost.

St. John, Nfld., Sept. 27.—The loss of another schooner is reported as the result of the recent gale. She foundered, with six men, bringing the total of lives lost up to fifty-three. Reports from remote sections of the island confirm the fears as to an extensive destruction of shipping property. Vessels returning from northern Labrador are also badly damaged.

Chatham, Ont., Sept. 27.—Harry Stanton's five year old son was run over by a roller and fatally injured.

### Fatal Collision.

Anbun, N.Y., Sept. 27.—The New York Central, 3.55 westbound passenger train collided with an eastbound freight train at Wheeler's bridge, just inside the city limits, about 6 o'clock this morning. Three men were killed and four others seriously injured.

Newboro, Sept. 27.—J. Hart, hotel keeper here, died yesterday aged 68.

Kingston, Ont., Sept. 27.—Citizens have subscribed \$12,500 to build a summer hotel here.

## MANY LIVES LOST

In the Lower Himalayas by the Floods, Earthquakes and Landslides.

Calcutta, Sept. 27.—Earthquakes, floods and terrible landslides occurred at and near Darjeeling in the lower Himalayas Sunday night. Great damage was done and no fewer than sixty natives perished. There was a rainfall of 28 inches in 38 hours. Three bad landslides took place between Darjeeling and Sonada, involving the transportation of a railway train full of passengers. According to the latest reports nine European children and twenty natives were lost between these two points. The whole Calcutta road is blocked and the Paglajhora line has been seriously damaged. About a thousand acres of tea have been destroyed from Jalapahar to Burchill. At the latter place some 3,000 feet of the water supply pipe have been ruined. The electric plant has suffered seriously, and the town is in darkness. There is great fear of further rain.

A dispatch from Jalpaiguri, on the River Teest, forty miles southeast of Darjeeling, said that a boat while crossing the Teest with three Europeans and six natives, was swamped by the high waves. The body of one of its occupants had been found fourteen miles down the river. It is reported that the Europeans, Messrs. Anderson, Juster and Whitten, jumped overboard. Their fate is unknown, searching parties have been sent to look for them.

No rain has fallen since last reports in the vicinity of Jarjeeling, in the lower Himalayas, where Sunday night, great damage was wrought and many persons were killed by earthquakes, floods and landslides. During the night, however, several other landslides occurred. The Pooal bazaar was completely overwhelmed and 200 lives lost. At Tamsongbustee, 21 bodies have been recovered and it is believed that 20 others have perished. At Jarjeeling 100 fatalities occurred. Landslides also occurred at Murmeh and there, too, several were killed.

### Will Rates Go Higher.

Toronto, Sept. 2.—The business of the railroads, both Canadian and American, that have connections to the Pacific coast and into the Kootenay country, is exceptionally heavy this fall and is away ahead of any previous year. A very large volume of freight is at present going forward and next month will probably see the roads even busier. One railroad man remarked that the freight carried by his line was between 100 and 150 per cent. more than a year ago. In fact, he could secure as much in ten days now as he could in a month last year. That money in the west is plentiful may be judged from the orders sent east for wines and liquors. The railways this fall will carry more than usually the abundant supplies of wet goods into the mining districts. One distiller is credited with saying his orders from the coast and the Kootenay are 200 per cent. ahead of last year. Railroad men are not anticipating any change in freight rates to the coast this fall, the advances announced at a recent meeting of the tariff committee of the Canadian Freight association not applying to the coast. There are two rates always in force to the west an all-rail rate and a rail and water rate. The latter is about ten cents per hundred pounds below the former on sixth class, and as a result the lake and rail route is patronized during the season of navigation. When the all-rail rate comes into effect it is not anticipated any change will be made in it this fall, although this is not at all certain.

### TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Wednesday, September 27.  
Eight Stony Mountain penitentiary prisoners were transferred to Kingston. There is fever activity displayed in Transvaal war circles.

Quantities of war stores are leaving Cape Town daily for the north. Gold is being handled like freight at Dawson City.

Africans in Natal desire colonial forces on the border recalled.

Admiral Dewey has arrived at New York on the Olympia.

Three men were killed in a collision on the New York Central railway.

A wagon and sleigh road from Lake Bennett to Dawson City is to be built.

A total of fifty-three lives were lost during a recent gale in Newfoundland waters.

The Ludgates, who wanted Deadman Island, are erecting a large mill at Seattle.

Boers at Johannesburg are becoming more courageous, believing Britain is bluffing.

The Manitoba Opposition are having great difficulty in keeping candidates in the field.

A German lieutenant is stirring up dissatisfaction among the natives of Samoa.

Owing to serious illness in his family, Mr. C. R. Devlin may return from Ireland to Canada.

Four million bushels of Manitoba's wheat crop have been received at C. P. R. elevators.

An international train was wrecked near St. Hyacinthe. On board were many Quebec Liberals.

The Transvaal consul-general in London is preparing to leave for Brussels to take up his headquarters.

Owing to heavy traffic on American railways the rates on eastern United States lines will be advanced.

Sir Louis Davies reports the Alaskan boundary settlement is proceeding satisfactorily towards a successful result.

Hundreds of lives were lost in the Himalayas in recent floods and landslides, which were accompanied by earthquakes.

### S. S. Scotsman Is Overdue.

Montreal, Sept. 27.—The Ss. Scotsman now several days overdue, is causing considerable anxiety to the friends of the passengers. She should have been reported on Friday last. Agents of the Dominion line claim that the delay is due to the inexperienced stokers, which were put on owing to the strike in Great Britain.

Guelph, Sept. 27.—Archie Lamont, an old man, choked on a piece of meat at an hotel yesterday while at dinner and died.

## TRENCHES AND FORTS

BEING CONSTRUCTED ALONG ALL APPROACHES TO PRETORIA.

Body of British Troops Moved North—Dr. Leyds Realizes That European Intervention Is Hopeless.

London, Sept. 27.—A dispatch from Pretoria says that the members of the volksraad, believing that the British notes are intended to gain time for the concentration of troops, urge the government to adjourn the road immediately and to send Great Britain a note declaring that further mobilization will be regarded as an unfriendly act. Trenches, earthworks and sand bags defenses are being erected in all the available approaches to the capital.

Durban, Natal, Sept. 26.—Bodies of 750 men of the Leicestershire regiment, 750 of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers, 200 mounted infantry and the 18th Hussars have arrived at Dundee from Lady Smith.

Pretoria, Sept. 26.—The Imperial dispatch was read today in the volksraad. President Kruger announced that the reply of the South African Republic would be presented to the volksraad tomorrow.

London, Sept. 26.—The officials of the foreign office this evening gave out the text of the letter of the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, to the British high commissioner in South Africa, Sir Alfred Milner, dated Sept. 22. The British reply expresses regret that Her Majesty's offer of September had been refused, and says: "The object Her Majesty's government had in view in the recent negotiations has been stated in a manner which cannot admit of misapprehension, viz., to obtain such substantial and immediate representation for the Uitlanders as will enable them to secure for themselves that fair and just treatment which was formally promised them in 1881 and which Her Majesty intended to secure for them when she granted the privileges of self-government to the Transvaal. No conditions less comprehensive than those contained in the telegram of Sept. 3 can be relied on to offset this refusal. The refusal of the South African government to entertain the offer thus made, coming as it does after four months of protracted negotiations, themselves the climax of five years of extended agitation, makes it useless to further pursue the discussions on the lines hitherto followed, and the Imperial government is now compelled to consider the situation afresh and formulate new proposals for a final settlement of the issues which have been created in South Africa by the policy constantly followed for many years by the government of South Africa. They will communicate the result of their deliberations in a later dispatch."

In a later communication, dated Sept. 22, the imperial government takes up the charge of breach of faith insinuated by Secretary of State Reitz, Sept. 16, "which," it is pointed out, "we cannot pass over in silence." Mr. Chamberlain then says: The proposals made by the South Africa Republic in its letters of August 19 and August 20, were not induced by suggestions given by the British agent from the state attorney as claimed and that, on the contrary, the state attorney sounded the British agent both in writing and in conversation, as to the conditions upon which the Imperial government would waive the invitation to adjourn the inquiry and the result of these communications was proposals made by the South African government in these letters. It is impossible that the South African government could have had any doubt as to the Imperial government's answer to the conditions named and my reply was actually the same as the British agent had foreshadowed to the state attorney and which, therefore, they must have anticipated in making the proposals."

### HEALTH OF DREYFUS

Said to Be Improving—W. C. T. U. Extends Sympathy to Mme. Dreyfus.

Paris, Sept. 26.—Le Petit Bleu this morning denies the reports in circulation regarding the health of Dreyfus, which, the paper says, is improving.

London, Sept. 26.—Lady Henry Somerset, as president of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, addressed a letter of sympathy to Mme. Dreyfus in which she says: In the name of the society, which has a membership of over half a million women in all parts of the world, I have been instructed, as president, to tender you our most heartfelt and profound sympathy. We pray that God may bless you and your loved ones, and that the sympathy of thousands may in some measure compensate for the injuries you have suffered."

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 26.—The steamers City of Seattle and College City, which have arrived from Lynn canal, had a combined gold cargo of \$500,000. The revenue cutter Bear, arriving at Sitka is reported to have fifteen prisoners from St. Michaels and Cape Nome.

Barrie, Sept. 26.—Ward six, formerly the village of Allandale, voted yesterday to secede from the town of Barrie, the vote being 67 for and 7 against. The other five wards of the town vote on the question on the first Monday in January, and if the vote then is favorable to secession the legislature will be asked to dissolve the union formed three years ago.

London, Ont., Sept. 26.—Frank Urquhart, one of the firemen injured at Stratford recently, died at the hospital from a depressed fracture of the skull.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Tuesday, September 26.

The minister of the interior will visit the west in October.

The last British transport leaves India for the Cape to-day.

The Filipino insurgents have captured the U. S. gunboat, Urdaneta.

Lieut. Gov. Forget, owing to illness, cannot open the Calgary fair.

The U. S. government will spend several million repairing Dewey's fleet.

Interest in the Shamrock has increased in London since the recent trials.

A body of 1,700 British troops have been moved nearer the Natal frontier.

The city council of Winnipeg will reduce the present water rates 25 per cent.

Fred. Morrison was captured and pleaded guilty to robbing Boissevain stores.

Mr. Sydney Fisher and General Hutton leave Ottawa for the west on Wednesday.

Arch. McDonald was sentenced to three years' imprisonment in Stony Mountain for stealing.

Jos. A. Richardson was placed on trial in Winnipeg, charged with embezzlement and forgery.

Alex. Goulet, of St. Laurent, was charged in a separator on a Portage Plains farm.

The decision preventing the Highlanders, of Toronto, going to New York, is a popular one.

Miss Evans, daughter of a Congressional minister in Wales, committed suicide at Regina.

The South African republic's representative is convinced there will be no European intervention.

Conductor Bright, of Stratford, Ont., has been arrested charged with being responsible for a pitch-in.

The Dominion government contemplates putting free list when sent to the U. S. to be refined.

Rev. Dr. James Barclay, of Montreal, may become pastor of the late Dr. Hall's Fifth Avenue church, New York.

Wilfrid Boivin was drowned at St. Francois Xavier, his team of horses dashing off a ferry into the Red river.

The affairs of the municipality of Posen, Man., which have been disorganized, have been adjusted by the municipal commissioner.

## MISS JULIA DENT GRANT

Married to Prince Catacuzene, of Russia, in the Russian and Episcopal Churches.

Newport, R.I., Sept. 26.—In accordance with the rites of the Russian Orthodox church, Miss Julia Dent Grant, daughter of Brigadier General and Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, and grand-daughter of General Ulysses S. Grant, tonight became the bride of Prince Catacuzene, Count Speranyky, of Russia, after simple but impressive ceremonies conducted by Father Hoto-vitsky, of the Russian church of New York.

Newport, R.I., Sept. 27.—The Episcopal marriage service, supplementing that of the Russian Orthodox church that was observed yesterday, which made Prince Catacuzene, Count Speranyky, of Russia, and Julia Dent Grant, husband and wife, was celebrated at All Saints' chapel here at noon today. The assembly of invited guests, notable for their social and military distinction, made the ceremony one of the most brilliant ever witnessed at Newport.

Drowning at St. Francois Xavier.

Winnipeg, Sept. 26.—A very sad accident occurred at St. Francois Xavier on Sunday night last whereby Wilfrid Boivin was drowned before the eyes of his wife, who narrowly escaped death herself. The young couple had only been married a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Boivin were driving home from church and were crossing the Assiniboine river in a ferry boat when the deplorable accident occurred. The ferry boat had pulled out into the river when the team of horses became suddenly frightened and without a moment's warning sprang into the river. Both of the occupants of the wagon were thrown into the water and the vehicle came down on top of them. Mr. Sibeau of St. Francois Xavier was on the bank of the river and seeing the accident rushed into the water onto the ferry. He succeeded in dragging Mrs. Boivin out of the water onto the ferry by her hair, but the unfortunate husband sank before assistance could be rendered him.

The parents of both of the young people are respected residents of the municipality, having resided there for many years.

Crushed in the Cylinder.

Portage la Prairie, Sept. 26.—While the threshing gang of Mr. Bell was starting up operations at the farm of Mr. Garrioch, some distance from town, late yesterday afternoon, an unfortunate accident happened, resulting in the death of Alex. Goulet, one of the threshing gang. As the young man was feeding sheaves into the separator from the stack he lost his balance and fell into the cylinder, and before the machine could be stopped, was fatally crushed, the lower part of the body being horribly mangled. The deceased lived for about an hour after being taken out. The victim was a young man of about twenty years of age, a French half-breed from St. Laurent Mission. The body was taken to McKillop's undertaking establishment.

Ends Her Life at Regina.

Regina, Sept. 26.—A melancholy suicide occurred here last night. Miss Evans, the daughter of a Congregational minister in Wales, has been living with various families here during the past year or two, and for the last few weeks has been at Jno. Morrison's, where she died under circumstances that leave little doubt of self poisoning.

Gladstone, Sept. 26.—The Merchants' Bank of Canada open a branch here tomorrow morning, with T. E. Nichols, of Winnipeg, as manager, a requisition signed by all the business men of the town having been presented to the bank officials.

Quebec, Sept. 26.—The establishments occupied by Edmund Rousseau & Co., machinists, and J. H. Blais, boot and shoe manufacturer, were gutted, and Wilfred Blais' tannery, adjoining, was badly damaged by fire last night.

P. O. Box 858. Telephone 600.

## NORTHWEST PROVISION CO.

Wholesale Produce and Commission Merchants.

Send us your Butter, Eggs and other Produce. We return the highest market prices and charge 5 per cent commission only. Cash on lot and 10th of each month. Can supply you with Dairy Requisites, Green and Dried Fruits, Canned Goods, Cured Meats, Groceries, etc., at lowest prices. Send us a trial shipment and order.

131 BANNATYNE AVE., WINNIPEG.

### WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Fort William, 69½c.

Flour—Ogilvie—Hungarian patent, \$1.75; Glenora, 1.55; Manitoba strong bakers, \$1.35. Lack of the Woods—Patent, \$1.75; strong bakers, \$1.55; second bakers, \$1.35; XXXX, \$1.05 per sack of 98 lbs. Discount of 5c per sack to cash buyers.

Millfeed—Bran \$10 50, and shorts \$12.50, net price to dealers.

Ground Feed—Best Oat chop, \$22 per ton; mixed barley and oats, \$19.00 to \$20.00; best grades of corn feed \$19, inferior qualities \$17.50 per ton. Oat-cake, \$24 per ton.

Oats—28 to 30c on track, Winnipeg.

Corn—Car lots on track here, 41½c.

Barley—28 to 30c for new barley in cars here.

Hay—Baled, \$5.50 to \$6.50 on track here.

Butter—Creamery, 29c at the factories; dairy, 14c for finest grades.

Cheese—11c to 11½c per pound.

Eggs—Strictly fresh, 16c.

Vegetables—Potatoes, choice, new 25c per bushel; peppers, 10 to 20c per doz.; citron, 2c per pound; carrots, 45c per bushel; parsnips, \$1.00 per bushel; rhubarb, 2c per lb.; radishes, 10c per dozen bunches; green onions, 10c per doz. bunches; cauliflower, 50c per doz.; tomatoes, native, 2½c per pound; cucumbers, 10c to 20c per dozen; cabbage, 15 to 25c; turnips, 25c per bushel; celery, 25c pumpkins, 2c per pound; squash, 1½c per pound; marrow, 30 to 50c per doz.

Seneca Root—30c per pound.

Wool—7 to 8c for unwashed Manitoba fleece.

Hides—No. 1, 7c; No. 2, 6c; No. 3, 5. Kip, 6 to 6½c; calf, 8c; deerskins, 25 to 35c each; shearing sheepskins, 10 to 20c; horsehides, 50c to 75c each.

Dressed Meats—Beef, 6c to 7c; mutton, 9c to 10c; lamb, 10 to 11c; veal, 7½ to 9c; pork, 7c per pound.

Poultry—Fowl, 60c per pair; spring chickens, 35 to 50c per pair; ducks, 60c per pair; geese, 60 to 75c each; turkeys, 11c per pound; wild ducks, 25 to 40c per pair.

Cattle—Choice export 3½ to 3¾c off cars; butchers', 4 to 3½c.

Sheep—4 to 4½c per pound.

Hogs—Extra choice, 5 1-8c.

Milk Cows—Good new milkers are worth from \$30 upwards in the city.

Alloway & Champion, BANKERS AND BROKERS

362 MAIN ST., WINNIPEG.

Listed Stocks bought, sold, and carried on Margin.

Write us if you wish to exchange any kind of money, to buy Government or C. N. W. Co. Bonds, or to send money anywhere.

### MONTEAL STOCKS

Reported by Alloway & Champion, Stock Brokers, Winnipeg.

Stocks	Sellers	Buyers
Merchants'	172	170
Commerc'	172	170
Miscellaneous		
Payco	172	170
Montreal & N. W.	172	170
Rich. & Ont. Nav.	172	170
City of Montreal	172	170
Halifax Ry.	172	170
Montreal Gas	172	170
Toronto Ry.	172	170
Duluth Preferred	172	170
C. N. W. Land	172	170
Can. Pac. Ry. Montreal	172	170
Can. Pac. Ry. London	172	170
Money on call	172	170

### FOREIGN MONEY.

Quoted by Alloway & Champion, 362 Main street, Winnipeg.

Reichsmarks	90.23 1-4
Austrian Golden	30 1-4
Holland Guilders	20 1-4
Francs	12 1-4
Russian Roubles	56 1-4
Finland Markkaa	17 1-2
Kroner	20
Italian Lire	17
Sovereigns	4.84
Bank of England notes	4.83

Montreal Bank Rates Increased.

Montreal, Sept. 29.—The banks here have advanced the rate on call loans from five to five and a half per cent. making a total advance of one per cent. So far this year all Canadian banks which have spare funds, are now lending in the New York market to get the benefit of the absolutely high rates, which prevail there. This has had the effect of making money scarce in the local market.

Boissevain Burglars.

Boissevain, Man., Sept. 25.—We had a call from one or more parties last night, who went through about six of our stores, and what was most peculiar, they seemed to have keys to nearly every one of the buildings they went into, but we are pleased to say that of the six buildings the burglars entered they did not get over \$20.

We have heard that they have been at Napinka and Deloraine and seem to be working east. We might suggest for the towns east of here to be on the look out for these gents. Our local authorities have several parties in sight and they think they shall have them housed up before night.

Montreal, Sept. 26.—In the court of Queen's bench yesterday a Syrian named Riseni, on trial for rape was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

The Tragedy of Waste.

Waste in a tragic form is going on all about us. There is the expenditure of ideas before an unappreciative audience, while somewhere there exist people to whom every word would be as pearls. Then think of the handsome musical instruments that are untouched from day to day while just across the way perhaps are souls that pine for their melody.

There is also the waste of books, where none care to open them, while others are clamoring for mental pabulum, for a chance for reference or for solace in desolation. Again, how many childish looks, how many caresses, are thrown away by the young on mothers who are too incumbered with olive branches to spend time in small tenderesses, while lonely wives sit neglected with never a tiny face to hold against their own and never a voice to prattle delicious inanities into their sorrowful ears. And there is other waste, too—the waste of the words, "I love you"—that is banded like a tennis ball in the drawing rooms of the frivolous, while some meritorious persons, really noble, if plain of feature, are doomed to pass from cradle to grave without once hearing so beatific, so coveted, a confession. There are some who are surfeited with love and some who may not even pick up the fragments that remain. There are others who spend their affections and their company on the unworthy, never understanding the giving of true sunshine, while there are those to whom such affection and such company would be worth more than gold. Just remember this when you carelessly accept as matter of fact the good things of life. Prize them highly. Do not let them waste.—Elmira Telegram.

His Bride's Picture.

There is a peculiar portrait in Washington which has created much interest among those who know of its existence. Its peculiarity is that every year it has changed show the changes which time would have made in the original. The portrait is by a Washington artist and is that of his wife and was painted many years ago, when she was a young bride.

A few years after the portrait was painted the young lady died, and so great was the grief of the artist that he determined to keep her likeness with him all the time, and to do so he decided that year by year he would change the portrait so as to make it grow old with him and thus keep her, as it were, ever with him.

Every year, on the anniversary of his wedding day, the artist locks himself in his studio and changes the lines of the face of the portrait, adding what he thought would make the difference of one year. There have been many anniversaries of that marriage day and consequently many changes in the portrait.

Today the picture is that of an old woman, the hair turned gray, the face wrinkled and pale, but still beneath the marks of time, as made by the brush of the artist, can be seen the early beauty of the bride and the attractiveness of the young woman.—New York Mail and Express.

Is She Right?

Said a bright, brown eyed woman the other day: "I do get tired of that old masculine prejudice that women as a class are stingy. The men all think we are as close as the bark on a tree, except of course when it comes to our own apparel. Then we are extravagant in their estimation. What else can we be when a weekly dose is parcelled out with the injunction 'Make it go as far as you can'?"

And it does not tend to make us particularly happy and



MOOSE JAW, N.W.T.

## OBSERVATIONS.

Some of Which Are More Observing Than Others.

However slowly you climb the ladder of fame, you usually arrive at the top about the time your breath gives out, and Charon of the Styx awaits you for your last fateful voyage.

Necessity knows no law, but there are many young lawyers—aye, and some old ones, too—who know necessity.

One man is probably as good as another, according to Democratic and Republican principles, but he gets into trouble by claiming to be considerably better.

Half a loaf (in its lounging sense) is better than no vacation at all.

When a man makes a confidant of a woman, he is doleful; when woman confides in a man, she is desperate.

If women would only talk to their husbands as they talk about them behind their backs to other women, the quantity of self complacency in the world would be vastly increased.

The heartless woman who is felled in her attempt to fool a man is apt for the rest of her life to call the sterner sex "hypocrites and shams."

Many old looking young women get that way worrying because they were no longer young.

The wise man studies womankind as he does weather predictions, and should not prophesy until the day after.

The average man's idea of a "jolly time" is a little too much of everything; a woman's idea is something left over for the next day.

That clarity which invariably begins at home very frequently finds so much to do that it never gets any further.—Ally Sloper.

## Chronic Bronchitis Cured.

Mr. Charles E. Reid, the leading druggist of Revelstoke, B. C., says: "I have every reason to believe Griffiths' Menthol Liniment will cure chronic bronchitis. A lady customer says she has been troubled with chronic bronchitis for years, and that this liniment has cured her completely. It always gives the best satisfaction to my customers. 25 cents. All druggists."

## A Conception.

"I think it would be a good plan to send Willie up into the country for a month," suggested Willie's father. "He's never been on a farm, and it would be rather a novel experience for him."

"No, you don't," interrupted Willie. "I've heard all about the country, and I'm not going anywhere where they have thrashing machines. It's bad enough when it's done by hand."—Chicago Post.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Gargel in Cows.

## A Poet on His Nettle.

In the preface to his poems Mr. William Thrasher of Wisconsin has this paragraph:

"I do not claim that I am a great genius, but I have thrashed six editors who had the temerity to say that I am not even a little one. And I hereby put all critics on notice that I shall hold them personally responsible if they venture too far in their criticisms."

Now, there's a poet who may yet be a Jeffries or Fitzsimmons of literature.—Atlanta Constitution.

## A BRAVE WOMAN.

How a Drunken Husband Was Made a Sober Man by a Determined Wife.

## A PATHETIC LETTER.

She writes: "I had for a long time been thinking of trying the Samaria Prescription treatment on my husband for his drinking habits, but I was afraid he would discover that I was giving him medicine, and the thought unnerved me. I hesitated for nearly a week, but one day when he came home very much intoxicated and his week's salary nearly all spent, I threw off all fear and determined to make an effort to save our home from the ruin I saw coming, at all hazards. I sent for your Samaria Prescription and put it in his coffee as directed next morning and watched and prayed for the result. At last I gave him more and also at supper. He never suspected a thing, and I then boldly kept right on giving it regularly, as I had discovered something that set every nerve in my body tingling with hope and happiness, and I could see a bright future spread out before me—a peaceful, happy home, a share in the good things of life, an attentive, loving husband, comforts, and everything else dear to a woman's heart, for my husband had told me that whiskey was vile stuff and he was taking a dislike to it. It was only too true, for before I had given him the full course he had stopped drinking altogether, but I kept giving the medicine till it was gone, and then sent for another lot to have on hand if he should relapse, as he had done on his promises before. He never has, and I am writing you this letter to tell you how thankful I am. I honestly believe it will cure the worst cases."

A pamphlet in plain, sealed envelope, sent free, giving testimonials and full information, with directions how to take or administer Samaria Prescription. Correspondence considered sacredly confidential. Address The Samaria Remedy Co., Jordan street, Toronto, Ont.

## Facilities.

"It's rather pleasant in some respects to live in South or Central America," said the young woman.

"Political conditions are rather uncertain."

"Yes. That's the beauty of it. One doesn't have to be so dependent on one's ancestors in order to be a daughter of a revolution."—Washington Star.

## An Exuberant Youth.

"But what will your people say?" she murmured, with downcast eyes. "I am not only poor, but my family is unknown. I haven't even," she added pensively, "a coat of arms, you know."

"But I have stacks of coats," whispered the daring young man. "And as for arms—well!"

And he proceeded to use them.—Chicago Tribune.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

## Asthma Cured

After Twelve Years' Suffering—Toronto Physicians Advised Leaving Her Home to go to Manitoba—Clarke's Kola Compound Cured.

Mrs. McTaggart, 80 Vansley St., Toronto, writes: "I have been troubled with asthma and bronchitis for twelve years, which gradually grew worse each year in spite of the hundreds of dollars my husband has spent with several doctors, and almost every remedy we could procure, which only afforded temporary relief. For the past two years I could not lie on my left side, and during the past year previous to taking Clarke's Kola Compound the asthma became so severe that I had not had a full night's sleep, and during most of that time we had a doctor in attendance. We gave up several doctors, as I was becoming no better, and the last doctor, after about two months' treatment, told us he could do nothing for me, and advised me to go to Manitoba or some dry climate. We heard of Clarke's Kola Compound being a cure for asthma, and before taking this remedy made several inquiries from those who had taken it, and in each case found the result so satisfactory that we resolved to try it. After taking the first bottle I became much better, and began to sleep well at nights. Since taking the third bottle I have not felt the slightest symptoms of my former trouble. I have, during the past six months gained nearly 20 pounds in flesh and feel perfectly healthy in every way. I can assure you that I will do all in my power to induce any sufferer from this terrible disease to try it."

Certified correct by Peter McTaggart, Proprietor of Toronto Dairy Co.

## LITTLE DROPS OF WATER.

An Old Experiment Retried. With the Usual Painful Results.

To learn just how much pain would be caused by the constant dripping of water on the body several students at Wichita, Kan., tried it.

A gallon of water was to be loosed drop by drop from a height of three feet, the drops falling at intervals of about two seconds. A gallon of water contains about 61,440 drops, and at this rate it would take over 34 hours to complete the task.

One of the students was seated at a table and allowed his left hand to be fixed immovably to the table, so as to insure every drop striking the same spot on the back of the hand. The apparatus for dropping the water was adjusted, and the experiment began. For the first 45 minutes he experienced no inconvenience, save his hand becoming uncomfortable from being wet constantly with the cold water. Arrangements were then made to keep the water at blood heat, and it soon became more comfortable. In about two hours a slight redness began to appear, which gradually got as big as a quarter.

The third half hour the drops were scarcely felt at all, the hand being apparently numb to the water, although sensitive to the touch of anything else. The red spot increased until it was larger than a silver half dollar, and the dripping of the water began to become slightly painful. It was noticed that if any one told a story or did anything to divert the student's attention from his hand he did not notice any pain at all, but concentration of thought upon his hand made the pain grow. The water was kept steadily at close to 96 degrees.

After about six hours and a half the red slowly turned to purple, and a blister began to raise. The pain had increased gradually up to this stage, and the young man said he felt as though every falling drop came with the force of a hammer, the pain reaching the shoulder and even a little beyond. After the blister had raised the blows from the drops were not so severe, but he said they were bad enough, being a dull feeling, like slowly pushing down upon it.

After about 8 hours and 20 minutes the water was shut off. About 15,000 drops had been let fall, the rate being a little above the schedule, only one quart two ounces of water having been used.

## SAVED BY A CIGAR.

Odd Way in Which a Business Man Got a Loan.

One of the most successful business men in New Orleans tells this curious little story of his early career. "Shortly after I started out for myself," he said, "I had occasion to visit Cincinnati, and on my way to the depot to return I passed through a street where a building was being torn down. As I approached I noticed a middle aged man who had somehow passed the guard ropes and was standing still, lighting a cigar directly beneath a shoot through which they were sending debris from the upper story. I yelled to him to look out and, as he did not understand, rushed up and prodded him in the breast with my outstretched cane. He leaped backward, and at the same instant half a ton of brick shot right past his head. I was in too big a hurry to hear his excited thanks, but ran along, caught my train and forgot all about the incident."

"Nearly ten years afterward hard times and the failure of two heavy debtors put me in a very tight place. I needed time and arranged for it on all except one claim, which was held by a bank in Louisville. Finally I went to that city to appeal personally for an extension, but the directors refused flatly to grant it, and I was just leaving their office, deeply despondent and seeing ruin staring me in the face, when in walked the vice president. By the most extraordinary of chances he was the very man I had pushed from under the shoot that day in Cincinnati, and he recognized me instantly. When my errand was explained, he told me to wait, and in five minutes he had the whole claim transferred to his private account and told me to take my own time about settlement. I paid it off the next year, but his kindness unquestionably saved me from a smash. If he hadn't stopped on one occasion to light a cigar, goodness knows where I would be today."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

## A Hard Luck Model.

A certain Chicago artist wanted a model for a "hard luck" picture, and so he went exploring along State street and soon discovered just what he wanted, a ragged and hungry looking man, evidently a foreigner, who, after some persuasion, agreed to go to his studio in a skyscraper immediately after he had eaten the lunch which the artist furnished as a preliminary to the pose.

The artist returned to his rooms and waited for the model. After awhile he began to grow impatient, and he stepped into the hall to see if by any chance the model had mistaken the room. His studio was, of course, on the top floor, and as he leaned on the railing and looked down the elevator shaft he heard the sound of heavy breathing and a shuffling step on the stairs below. Then the model came into view, walking slowly up the stairs and panting with fatigue.

"Why didn't you take the elevator?" said the artist as the almost exhausted man reached him.

"I couldn't afford to pay," the model gasped.

## HER MOTHER KNEW.

Was a Student of Human Nature. Not a Mind Reader.

Mother—And so you engaged yourself to that young man at Idlewild Springs, did you?

Daughter (sheepishly)—Y-e-s, ma. I promised to become his wife.

"It was on a beautiful moonlight evening in June."

"Why, yes, ma. How did you know?"

"And the hotel band was playing a delightful waltz by Strauss."

"Why, yes. Who told you?"

"And you two were in the arbor on the lawn."

"Yes."

"And the fountain sparkled in the moonlight and made music which seemed like a fairy echo to the sweet melody which floated out from the distant orchestra."

"Yes. How?"

"And the lake with its fleet of pretty boats gliding about the softly illuminated waters seemed like a bit of lovely Venice dreaming at your feet."

"Yes, yes. But how did you know all this?"

"I knew it must have been under some such combination of circumstances that he proposed or you would never have said 'Yes' to such an addle pated nincompoop as that."—New York Weekly.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bilebe's Anti-Consumptive Syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided. This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc., etc.

## It Shrunk.

There is a learned man in Michigan who would rather have a rare specimen from the animal, vegetable or mineral kingdom than a high political office. Working for him is a sympathetic son of Erin who professes as much interest as though he knew all about these things, a bit of shrewdness that nets him many favors. The other day he went rushing to his employer with a letter stating that it was from his brother Mike, a coal miner in Ohio, telling how they had dug out a serpent turned to stone 50 feet long and as thick as a barrel.

The savant never stopped to read. He took the first train and reached the little mining town by the shortest route. The next evening he was back and only grunted when his eager employee greeted him.

"Did you find the snake?" ventured his man.

"Yes. The snake in the case is that brother of yours. He's the greatest liar unlung. His serpent 50 feet long and as thick as a barrel was the petrified root of a tree 13 inches in length and half an inch in diameter."

"There's no loirs in our name, sor. It must be the thing shrunk, sor, after they put it in the sun."—Detroit Free Press.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

## He Needed a Shave.

He had been out so late the night before that he did not know at what hour he had come home. When he awoke, he was curious to learn just how "rocky" he looked. He accordingly reached out for the silver backed hand mirror that lay on the table beside his bed.

Instead of the mirror he got hold of the silver backed hairbrush. Not recognizing his mistake, he took the brush up and gazed at the bristles for a moment. Then he felt of the silver back and then stared back at the bristles.

"Good heavens," he murmured at last, "but I need a shave!"—San Francisco Argonaut.

Nothing looks more ugly than to see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disfigurements on your person, when a sure remover of all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure?

## The Old Man's Retort.

"You don't have any ruins in this blasted country," said the British scientist to his future father-in-law.

"No," said the old man, "we don't. And you won't have any left in England if your noble army of titled paupers can marry enough rich Yankee girls to put new roofs on your old castles."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## Which One?

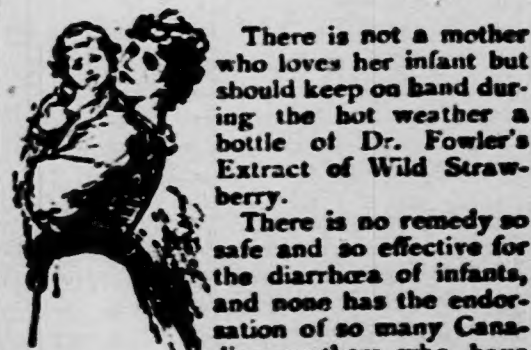
"Freddy," said the teacher, "you have spelled the word 'rabbit' with two t's. You must leave one of them out."

"Yes, ma'am," replied Freddy.

"Which one?"—Tit-Bits.

## Save the Babies.

Thousands of them die every summer who could be saved by the timely use of Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry.



There is not a mother who loves her infant but should keep on hand during the hot weather a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. There is no remedy so safe and so effective for the diarrhoea of infants, and none has the endorsement of so many Canadian mothers who have proved its merits, and therefore speak with confidence. One of these is Mrs. Peter Jones, Warkworth, Ont., who says: "I can give Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry great praise, for it saved my baby's life. She was cutting her teeth and was taken with diarrhoea very bad. My sister advised me to get Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I got a bottle and it cured the baby almost at once."

## 20 YEARS TORTURE.

## A Belleville Lady, Whom Doctors

Failed to Help, Cured at

Last by Doan's Kidney

Pills.

No one who has not suffered from kidney disease can imagine the terrible torture those endure who are the victims of some disorder of these delicate filters of the body. Mrs. Richard Rees, a well-known and highly respected lady of Belleville, Ont., had to bear the burden of kidney complaint for over 20 years and now Doan's Kidney Pills have cured her when all else failed.

Her husband made the following statement of her case: "For 20 years my wife has been a sufferer from pain in the back, sleeplessness and nervousness and general prostration. Nothing seemed to help her. Doctors and medicines all failed, until we got a ray of hope when we saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised as a positive cure. She began to take them and they helped her right away, and she is now better in every respect. We can heartily recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to all sufferers, for they seem to strike the right spot quickly, and their action is not only quick but it is permanent."

"I cannot say more in favor of these wonderful pills than that they saved my wife from lingering torture, which she had endured for 20 years past, and I sincerely trust that all sufferers will give Doan's Kidney Pills a fair trial."

**LAXATIVE PILLS.** Care constipation, biliousness, sick headache and dyspepsia. Every pill guaranteed perfect and to act without any griping, weakening or sickening effects. 25c. at all druggists.

## Saving Silver at the Mint.

Perhaps the most interesting scheme for the recovery of waste silver at the local mint is that applied to the utensils of the melting gang. The big iron stirring rods, the dippers, the strainers and the ladles that come in contact with the molten metal are laid aside at intervals and sent down stairs. They are covered with what looks like brown rust, but is really oxidized silver.

Suppose, to digress a moment, one desired to get a coat of paint off the outside of a house. In such event the plan of scraping away the house and leaving the shell of paint standing would be regarded as somewhat eccentric, yet that is substantially the method adopted at the mint. The implements are placed in baths of sulphuric acid, which attacks the iron or steel, but leaves the silver untouched. Little by little a strainer, for instance, will entirely disappear.

That is to say, the original strainer disappears and leaves in its place a hollow silver counterpart, delicate as an eggshell. They are very curious, these fragile casts. Their surface is a sort of natural filigree, honeycombed with innumerable fantastic perforations. The reproduction of a bolt or screw is sometimes as perfect as an electrotpe, but they are hurried remorselessly back to the crucible and thus pursue their cycle until at last they find their Karma in a melted coin.—New Orleans Times Democrat.

STANLEY JUNCTION, P. Q., 13th Aug. 1903. MESSRS. C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Gentlemen,—I fell from the bridge leading from a platform to a loaded car while assisting my men in unloading a load of grain. The bridge went down as well as the load on my back, and I struck on the ends of the sleepers, causing a serious injury to my leg. Only for its being very fleshy, would have broken it. In an hour could not walk a step. Commenced using MINARD'S LINIMENT, and the third day went to Montreal on business and got about well by the use of a cane. In ten days was nearly well. I can sincerely recommend it as the best Liniment that I know of in use. Yours truly, C. H. GORDON.

## He Couldn't There.

"Clarence, this summer resort notice sounds nice: Golf, tennis, croquet, bowling, boating, billiards, bicycling and bathing."

"How does that concern us? Didn't I tell you that this year I wanted to go where I could rest and enjoy myself?"—Chicago Record.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

## A Hint.



Mr. Singleton—Miss Willing—er—Nellie—you don't mind if I drop the "miss" and call you Nellie, do you?

Miss Willing—No, indeed! Only yesterday I remarked to mamma that I was getting awfully tired of being called "miss."

IN NATURE'S STOREHOUSE THERE ARE CURES.—Medical experts have shown so conclusively that there are medicinal virtues in even ordinary plants growing up around us which give them a value that cannot be estimated. It is for by some that nature provides a cure for every disease which neglect and ignorance have visited upon man. However this may be, it is well known that Paracelsus' Vegetable Pills, distilled from roots and herbs, are a sovereign remedy in curing all disorders of the digestion.



## This is an English One.

Scene—Railway carriage on the Midland railway. Enter a colonel with game bag and case of guns. Colonel (to passengers enthusiastically)—Beautiful sport; 60 birds in two hours and only missed two shots!

A quiet gentleman sitting in the corner put down his paper, rushed across the compartment and grasped him warmly by the hand. "Allow me to congratulate you, sir! I am a professional myself."

"Professional sportsman?"

"No; professional liar."—Tit-Bits.

**A CURE FOR COSTIVENESS.**—Costive ones comes in the refusal of the excretory organs to perform their duties regularly from contending causes, usually disordered digestion. Paracelsus' Vegetable Pills, prepared on scientific principles, are so composed that certain ingredients in their power through the stomach and act upon the bowels so as to remove the morbid and arouse them to proper action. Many thousands are prepared to bear testimony to its power in his respect.

## A Record Breaker.

Miles—There is a man over in that museum who has lived for 40 days on water.

Giles—Pshaw! That's nothing. I have an uncle who has lived for nearly 40 years on water.

Miles—Impossible!

Giles—Not at all. He's a sea captain.

—Chicago Daily News.

If your children mean a d are restless during sleep, could when awake with a loss of appetite, pale countenance, picking of the nose, etc., you may depend upon it that the primary cause of the trouble is worms. Another Gra's Worm Exterminator effectually removes these pests, at once relieving the little sufferers.

## One on Papa.

Papa had been giving Tommy a peppy lecture on the evils of careless handling of firecrackers, and Tommy, with one hand bandaged and his head tied up, listened gravely.

"When his father concluded and went out, the boy turned to his grandmother. "Grandma," he said, "how did papa get that funny twist in his mouth?"

"Blowing on a lighted firecracker when he was about your age," replied grandma.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**TELL THE DEAF.**—Mr. J. F. Kellock, Druggist, Perth, writes: "A cousin of mine having been cured of deafness by the use of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, wrote to Ireland, telling his friends of the cure. In consequence I received an order to send half a dozen by express to West-nd, Ireland, this week."

## Two Objects in View.

"There's no truth in these jokes about women buying unbecoming neckties for their husbands."

"I don't know. My wife always selects my neckties to suit her own complexion."—Detroit Free Press.

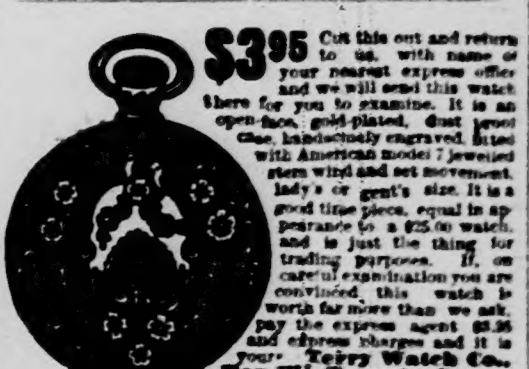
## CREAM SEPARATORS.

If you keep cows you cannot afford to be without a CREAM SEPARATOR, and if you want to have the best, most moderate in price, and on easiest terms, apply to E. A. LISTER & CO., LTD., 232 King St., Winnipeg.

Dealers in Dairy Supplies and Produce, Gasoline Engines, Horse Tread Powers, Etc.

## W. H. U. 210

HIGH GRADE PLOWS, SEEDING MACHINES, Carriages, Wagons, Harrows, Windmills, Etc. COCKSHUTT FLOW CO., Winnipeg.



Chase & Sanborn's SEAL BRAND JAVA MOCHA

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE

LUCAS, STEELE & BRISTOL, Importers of Groceries, L. S. & H. Coffees, L. S. & H. Extracts, Write to: Hamilton, Ont., L. S. & H. Offices

USE

EDDY'S

BRUSHES

THE MOST DURABLE

ON THE MARKET.

TORONTO CHEMICAL CO., Toronto.

CARE OF YOUR HAIR

There is a great knack in using the brush—make it so!



# Nice, New, and Well- Assorted Stock

of Pads, Papeteries,  
Paper and Envelopes  
A full stock of School  
Supplies.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1899.

## TO ADVERTISERS.

Copy for change of advt. must be filed in this office before 12 o'clock Wednesday. Don't forget it! New advertisements may be sent in up to 10 o'clock Friday morning.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

A heavy snow fell in London, Ont., on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradshaw, of Parkbeg, are in town this week.

Remember the band concert at B. Carey's to-night.—Advt.

Keep the dust out of your eyes and watch for Bough on the 23rd.

Mr. Cryderman, C.P.R. agent at Swift Current, has been transferred to Elkhor.

Miss Bastedo, artist, from Ontario, is spending a few days with Mrs. K. Bogue.

A quarter of a million bushels of wheat were delivered at C.P.R. elevators last Friday.

Mr. Harry Peters, of St. John's, N.B., arrived this week to fill a position in Mr. M. J. MacLeod's.

Don't forget to attend Miss Clarke's millinery opening Friday and Saturday to-day and to-morrow.—Advt.

Homestead entries made and all information given respecting lands and farms for sale.—Ad. SEYMOUR GREEN.

This year's product of the Prince Albert creamery has been disposed of in the British Columbia market at 19¢ per lb.

Mr. Fisher, who is attending Normal at Regina, spent a day or two this week as the guest of his brother, Mr. C. D. Fisher.

Mrs. F. W. Chisholm and son, of Grenfell, returned home on Wednesday morning after being the guest of Mrs. Walter Simington.

A series of meetings will be conducted by the Free Methodists in the Central Hall, commencing on Monday evening of next week at 7:30 o'clock. The public are invited to attend.

Threshers attention!—THE TIMES job department is prepared to turn out on shortest notice all kinds of blank forms for threshers—such as receipts, threshers' liens, etc., etc. Prices on application.

Miss Mickle, of B. Carey's dressmaking department, arrived home this week from a very successful trip to the leading centres of fashion in the east. While away Miss Mickle combined pleasure with business and spent a fortnight among the Thousand Islands and on the St. Lawrence.

Messrs. Thos. and Geo. McClelland, who arrived last spring from Owen Sound, Ont., left for home yesterday morning, going via Winnipeg and Toronto, where they will stop a day or so. They spent the summer in Moose Jaw working at their trade as plasterers and are well pleased with the prospects here; but their interests in the east necessitated their return home. They take with them, as a sample of our products, some 2½ lbs. of potatoes, grown in the garden of their brother, Mr. Jas. McClelland, on Main street.

Mr. A. G. Porter, watchmaker and jeweller, of Butte City, Montana, spent Wednesday in town as the guest of his brother, Mr. N. J. Porter. That evening he continued his journey west, joining his brother, Mr. S. E. Porter, attorney, of Crawford, Nebraska. The three brothers had been at Wolsley attending a family reunion, and were returning home via the western route in order to see the ranching districts around Calgary and Medicine Hat, being delegated by a number of ranchers in Montana and Nebraska who are desirous of obtaining a new location. Mr. W. E. Porter, of Medicine Hat, was also at the reunion and passed through the previous evening.

The following are among those who registered at the C.P.R. Hotel this week:—F. E. Davidson, J. Munn, J. J. Adams, T. Smith, Toronto; W. B. Pugh, H. A. Russell, T. Kirkpatrick, J. Cockburn, C. Cooper, R. Kartok and wife, J. Stafford, T. G. Godard, A. H. Plimney, T. G. Simpson, Geo. Lennox, Jno. Dawson, F. Gardner, H. W. White, W. J. Sanders and wife, Winnipeg; Grant Poley, Ottawa; N. E. Brooks, Calgary; Mrs. J. Fenell, Roche Perce; E. E. Vincent, Calgary; J. J. Duran, Montreal; W. C. Metcalf, J. H. Seefeld, Minot, N.D.; H. Copeland, Grenfell; Leonard Gocher, Birmingham, Eng.; J. S. Macdonald, Qu'Appelle; H. H. Stevenson, Ottawa; S. A. Jackson, Brockville; W. C. Cooper, A. F. Houston; Montreal; O. H. Edmondson, M.D., Wm. Schwartz, J. O. Beaudry, C. W. Sterling, Rat Portage; J. R. Morrison, Carleton Place.

Mr. D. S. McCannel, of the Great West, is in town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. H. Bunnell left for Winnipeg this week on a short visit.

Mrs. Wm. Burton and Mrs. Starks have returned home to Medicine Hat.

Mrs. R. L. Slater arrived home from Banff and Calgary last Sunday morning.

Homestead entries made and maps to be seen at the office of J. H. Grayson, Main Street.

Mr. Thos. Rankine, of Regina, spent last week in town with his numerous Moose Jaw friends.

Millinery and music at B. Carey's millinery opening to-night (Friday) from 8 to 10 o'clock.—Advt.

Mr. G. S. Carruthers, of the firm of Carruthers, Brock & Johnson, of Winnipeg, was in town last Saturday.

Mr. Lawson, of the C.P.R. shops, has been promoted to the position of fireman and made his first run on Monday.

Mr. Might, father of Mr. Harry Might, returned east last Friday morning after spending several weeks in town as the guest of his son.

Rev. A. M. Shea, who was en route to Edmonton, stopped off over Sunday and conducted the services in the Moose Jaw Presbyterian church.

Percy Gordon, of Qu'Appelle, a boy of 16, while hunting on Tuesday, met with a gunning accident which necessitated the amputation of his right arm.

In last week's paper we said that Mr. Thompson, postmaster at Wood Mountain, was in town. It was not the Wood Mountain but the Elm Springs postmaster that was in town.

Miss Smith, teacher of the junior intermediate department of the Moose Jaw public school, is seriously ill with typhoid fever. At present her place is being taken by Mr. T. H. Porter, of Point Elma school, who in turn is relieved by Mr. Benj. Thomson.

On "Children's Day," Sabbath, 24th September, the children of Cottonwood Presbyterian Home Mission field contributed \$6.55 to the Twentieth Century Fund. \$3.55 was contributed by Stony Beach, and \$3.00 by Cottonwood. The aim and objects of this fund were clearly brought before both parents and children by the Rev. J. A. G. Stirling.

Mr. R. Hewitson, of Owen Sound, uncle of Messrs. A. and George Wilcox, arrived from the east last week to look over the district with a view to settling here. Mr. Hewitson is a well-to-do farmer in Ontario, but a growing family make a change advisable, and hearing of the capabilities of this district he decided to come and see for himself. Mr. Hewitson returned home Wednesday morning.

The Bell-Smith recital, under the auspices of the Presbyterian Ladies' Aid Society, to be held in Central Hall on Wednesday evening, Oct. 18th, promises to be one of the most varied and unique entertainments of the season. The programme consists of recitations, mostly in dialect, and colored crayon sketches executed in rapid succession before the audience. Mr. Bell-Smith will be assisted by his son, Mr. Martell Bell-Smith, who is possessed of a baritone voice of singular sympathetic quality. Popular prices, 35 and 50¢. Plan at Turnbull & McCulloch's drug store.

Among the goose shooting parties at Buffalo Lake this week are Messrs. Stirling, Beaudry and Dr. Edmondson, of Rat Portage, who arrived Wednesday and went out to the grounds yesterday morning. They are all genuine sports and bring with them a full camping outfit, including a large boat, tent, etc. It is likely they will stay a couple of weeks or more. Both geese and ducks are very scarce at Rat Portage this year, but there is plenty of large game, and if any Moose Jawite is desirous of hitting the track of a large caribou or moose, or perchance a bear, they would advise him to return the visit and go to Rat Portage.

Three more threshing outfits for Moose Jaw farmers were unloaded from the cars this week. Two were for Messrs. Brubaker and Slemmon, of Pasqua, and Robt. Jones, mention of which was made last week. The third was a J. I. Case & Co. "Agitator" separator, fitted with all the latest improvements, such as the automatic stacker and weigher, etc. The purchaser was Mr. Jno. W. Fletcher, and as he has already a steam engine, he should be able to make things hum this year. This makes the ninth new threshing outfit to come into this district this year, and negotiations are now pending for the purchase of another.

Threshing returns are commencing to come in quite freely and so far every farmer has realized his full expectations. Last week Mahlon Johnson, of Boharm, threshed thirty-five bushels of No. 1 hard to the acre of Summerfallow and thirty off stubble. Judd Battell also threshed thirty-five bushels to the acre off his Pioneer farm, and seventy bushels of oats. Mr. Alex. Thompson, whose farm is situated two miles south of town, has threshed an average of over 27 bushels of wheat. Mr. Arnold's threshing outfit will be through with the crop of Mr. J. M. Keay, about three miles south, to-day. The yield here will also be beyond expectations, the poorest piece averaging about 23 bushels and the summerfallow will go over 30.

The annual fall moving has commenced and our citizens are getting settled for the winter. Mr. J. K. Stevenson has moved into Mrs. Latham's house on Fairford St. from Mr. McDonald's house on High Street, which has been bought by Mr. Pullar, who is succeeded in the occupancy of one of Mr. Beard's new houses on River St. by Mr. Henselwood, who vacates Mr. Jno. Waddell's house. Mr. J. J. McLean has sold his residence on Crescent St. to Mr. Archie Wilson, and has moved over the store, succeeding Mr. Richard Green, who has found a home for the winter in the McClelland block, as has also Mr. Val Whitmore. Mr. Grobb has moved into Mr. Beesley's new house on Fairford, and Mr. Thomson of Buffalo Lake will shortly take possession of Mr. McDougall's house, vacated by Mr. Grobb. Mr. Dave Smallwood has moved into Mr. Geo. Young's house on River St. Mr. Jno. McNeil has taken possession of his new house on Mantoba Street, as has also Mr. O. H. Sackler on the same street. J. A. McDonald moved into his new home on Main St. on Wednesday, and Mr. Bradshaw's house, lately vacated by Mr. T. B. Baker, is now occupied by Mr. Sutherland.

# ... A ... SUCCESSFUL OPENING!

The large number of orders taken during the past two weeks for MADE-TO-ORDER SUITS is evidence that the public appreciate the values we are offering in up to date suitings and overcoatings.

## FURS TO ORDER For Ladies and Men,

is a prominent feature of this store, and in this way we guarantee better Furs for less money than can be had in the ordinary way. Samples are here for your inspection, and we will be pleased to talk the matter over with you.

Men's Wombat Coats, \$16.00 and \$20.00.

Men's Coon Coats, \$36.00 and \$40.00.

CAPS AND GAUNTLETS  
TO SUIT ALL POCKETBOOKS.

## MITCHELL & HEMBROFF. MEN'S OUTFITTERS.

N. Clarke Wallace passed through Saturday in en route from the west.

Corpl. Purvis arrived from Medicine Hat Tuesday morning and will spend several days in town.

The wife and family of Mr. Thos. Conlan, C.P.R. blacksmith, arrived from the Old Country on Tuesday evening's Imperial Limited.

Mrs. and Miss McTavish returned home from Banff on Monday after a pleasant and profitable visit at Canada's National Park.

Miss Clarke returned home from the Calgary fair on Monday morning in order to prepare for her millinery opening which commenced yesterday.

Engineer Chas. England and wife, accompanied by Misses Violet Thompson and Emma McMillan, returned home last Saturday morning from a two weeks' tour to eastern cities.

Lost.—On Tuesday evening, September 26th, between the Central Hall and Methodist church, or in the Central Hall at "Rainbow Social," a small oblong cake tin and butter. Finder kindly return to Mr. Grobb.

Manager Whyte has stated that it has been almost definitely decided to discontinue the Imperial Limited service after October 15th. Some of the local trains will also be taken off and the Pacific and Atlantic expresses will stop at all stations.

Last Sunday was Children's Day in the Moose Jaw Presbyterian Sunday School. A special service was held for the children, and the church was decorated with house plants, etc., for the occasion. The collection in aid of the century fund, amounted to \$20.00.

News has arrived in Moose Jaw of the death of two pioneers of this district. Last month Mr. Jas. McCoy Sr., died at Belfast, Ireland, and a week ago last Thursday Mr. H. A. Ivor passed away at Toronto, whither he had gone about a year ago. Both these gentlemen were well known throughout this district, and their many friends will be sorry to hear of their sudden demise.

Last week the Moose Jaw creamery received a cheque from the Anderson Produce Co. of Vancouver for 6,000 lbs. of butter. The sale was made by tender and the price obtained was 20¢ net. All the other creameries of the Territories tendered, and notwithstanding the fact that Moose Jaw was half a cent higher than the others, it was awarded the contract on account of the superior quality of our butter.

Last Saturday morning brakeman Ben Reid, of the Moose Jaw-Brandon passenger run had another narrow escape from serious injury. He was coupling the engine to the passenger train when another engine hit the coaches in the rear end. Ben was crushed between the tender and the head coach with the result that his collar bone was broken and his shoulder bruised. It was a close call, Ben, but it might have been worse.

Mr. W. H. Carrick, vice-president of the Gurney Foundry Co., was in town on Sunday and Monday of this week. He and Mrs. Carrick are on a pleasure trip to the Pacific coast cities, but stopped off at Winnipeg and Moose Jaw. He commented favorably upon the go-ahead appearance of our town, its location, the width of the streets and general lay out. Mr. and Mrs. Carrick continued their journey on Monday evening's Imperial Limited.

Mr. McNicoll, of the C.P.R. shops, is in Winnipeg this week on business.

Andrew Patterson, Swift Current, has resigned the office of Justice of the Peace.

The wild geese at Buffalo Lake believe in Sabbath observance—it's their only day of rest.

The Stopy Beach school has closed owing to the resignation of the teacher, Miss Beard.

Grand display of newest costumes and dress trimmings at B. Carey's to-night, Friday, Oct. 6th.—Advt.

Mr. H. H. Plimney, of Winnipeg, assistant post office inspector, was in town this week en route to Weyburn.

Monday next, Oct. 9th, is the last opening in the primary department of the Moose Jaw public school this year.

The Toronto lacrosse team which passed through last week were defeated 7 goals to 2 by New Westminster team.

Mr. Leonard Gocher arrived from Birmingham, Eng., this week and proceeded to Coalfields on his annual trip to the mines in which he is largely interested.

Mr. Jno. Bellamy has received a letter from the friends of the late Mr. Fitzgerald, stating that the remains arrived at Peterborough, Ont., in good condition.

Yesterday's Imperial Limited from the west was several hours late owing to the flange of a wheel breaking off in the Calgary yard. Accidents like this are very unusual.

Mr. Cryderman, of Bowmanville, spent a few days in town this week as the guest of his niece, Mrs. Jno. Bellamy, while en route home from a visit to his daughters at Port Townsend.

Mr. F. B. Geetham, of Liverpool, Eng., arrived in Regina on Monday. Mr. Geetham was one of the passengers of the ill-fated Scotsman, and had letters of introduction to people at this place.

Owing to calm and light winds the first two races for the America cup were not sailed in the time limit and were declared "no race." Shamrock was ahead in each event when time was called.

The Regina papers say that Mr. G. Service, who has for over twenty years been a member of the police force, has taken his discharge from the force and will take up his residence in Moose Jaw.

While Mr. Fred Green was taking his new separator home last week he had the misfortune to break the hind axle; but the following day the agent, Mr. Frank Grobb, was on the scene with the necessary repairs and no serious delay was caused.

Rev. J. A. G. Stirling, of Cottonwood, is removing this week to Esterhazy, near Whitewood. Mr. Stirling's new sphere is within the bounds of the same Presbyterian (Regina) where he has been laboring for the last six months. The Cottonwood Home Mission Field has progressed favorably during the last six months.

Yesterday afternoon a prairie fire started a few miles north-east of town and ran into the Gilmour settlement. The threshing crew at Mr. Gilmour's turned out and assisted the settlers, and about nine o'clock last night they succeeded in putting it out after it had burned a strip of country three miles long and a mile and half wide. It is said that the fire was started by John Smith, who ploughed a furrow around some weeds and then set them on fire.

# New Fall Goods.

We are busy placing in stock all the many lines of new Season's Goods, and in each Department customers will find a beautiful and varied assortment of all the latest productions of Foreign and Home Markets, the manufacturers of which seem to have attained a stage of perfection in the beautiful tints, combinations, designs, and quality of their goods.

## In Dress Fabrics

We are showing an elegant range of Crepons, Blisters, Paplm Broaches, Figured Lustres from 35¢ per yard up to \$12.50 per dress robe.

## In Colors

We have some grand values in tweed effects from 25¢ to 75¢ per yard. And Dress Robes, all prices. Also Plaids, prettier than ever, but we have kept to the old price, even though there is an advance. Just look over our dress selections; it's a real treat whether you buy or not.

## Ladies' Jackets!

First consignment to hand. The styles are neat and prices low. See them before placing your order.

## Ladies' Gloves

In undressed kid, tan, black, purple, green, also ringwood and cashmere. A lovely range of all.

## Ladies' Underwear

In flannelette, knitted, fleece lined. Full line of all sizes.

## Men's Underwear!

First consignment in stock. Fleece lined, our leader, at 75¢ each up to \$4.00 a suit. Mens' gloves, caps, clothing all to hand, and you get the assortment with us.

## Groceries!

A full line of choice and pure groceries always on hand. Close quotations on sugars by the barrel. When ready to buy look us up for quotations.

## ROBINSON & HAMILTON.

P. S.—Full line of grain bags.

## ELECTRIC LIGHTING FOR MOOSE JAW.

The C.P.R. to introduce the System—The Plant Now Here.

Some years ago THE TIMES made the suggestion that the C.P.R. install an electric light system for use in the C.P.R. shops, yards and buildings, and that the town arrange for a regular service from the company if feasible. Time has proven the feasibility of our suggestion as far as the C.P.R. is concerned. There is now in the C.P.R. shops an electric light plant complete, and the locomotive foreman is only waiting instructions from headquarters to have the same installed. As it would cause some inconvenience to install it in the shops, it is likely that an addition will be built for it alone. The plant is the one that has been in use at Macleod for some time in connection with the work shops at that place. THE TIMES representative was unable to find out its capacity, but it is not likely that it will be large enough to furnish a service for the town. But it will be a great improvement to the C.P.R. yards and will be much appreciated by the employees.

Thanksgiving Day.

A special despatch from Ottawa states that October 19th has been fixed by the Government as Thanksgiving Day. The holiday comes two weeks from yesterday (Thursday).

The Transvaal.

War has not yet been declared in the Transvaal, but the British troops are said to have crossed the border and fighting is rumored. More transports have arrived from India at Durban. The Boer government has seized \$800,000 from the banks at Pretoria. The Boers held up a treasure train containing \$500,000 from the gold fields bound for Cape Colony. London papers regard this as an act of war. The Transvaal government has taken over all the mines in the goldfields. The British government have chartered boats as transports. The above is a summary of last night's despatches.

School Board Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the School Board was held on Wednesday evening. Present, Mr. Hugh Ferguson, chairman, and Messrs. Wm. Grayson, J. M. Simington and W. C. Sanders. The Treasurer's report for September was submitted and showed a balance of \$853.02 on hand.

Moved by Simington, seconded by Sanders, and carried, that the Secretary be instructed to ask town Council for balance due on 1899 estimate.

Moved by Grayson, seconded by Simington, and carried, that Mr. T. H. Porter be appointed to relieve Miss Smith for one month at a salary of \$45.00. Mr. Porter was present and accepted the position.

Moved by Sanders, seconded by Grayson, that a copy of the motion passed at the regular meeting of Sept. 6th be transmitted to Principal Fenwick. Carried.

The account of Miss Davidson for \$2.33 for school supplies was ordered to be paid, and the Secretary was instructed to purchase a load of wood for school.

Sir Thomas Lipton's expenditure in connection with the big yacht race has already reached \$1,000,000.

## Brooklands Hog Ranche,

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T.

## 150 Young Pigs for Sale!

\$6.00 PER PAIR.

From my thoroughbred Yorkshire boar, "The Earl of Treesbank."

Cash with order....

R. H. W. HOLT,

Feed wheat wanted. Proprietor.

Agent for Page Wire Fence Co'y.

## WHO SAID OYSTERS?

Why, Wm. Green, of course!..

He receives a consignment direct from Boston three times a week, and serves them on shortest notice at

GREEN'S RESTAURANT.

Fresh Pastry Daily.

## FOR SALE & TO RENT

Seven roomed house on Fairford street to rent. Apply to C. A. W. STUNT. 114

For sale, the east half of Sec. 25, Tp. 17, Range 25, west 2nd. Also to rent, the N.W. ¼ of Sec. 30, Tp. 17, Range 27, west 2nd. For terms and other particulars apply to MRS. M. LATHAM, Moose Jaw. 114

## LOST.

Lost on the trail between Moose Jaw and Boharm, a small brown leather satchel, containing toilet articles and fancy work. A suitable reward will be paid to finder on return to MRS. JAS. OSTRANDER. 14p-11

## MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1..... \$ 54

" No. 2..... 52

Oats (new)..... 35

Hay..... 5 00

Potatoes (new)..... 40

Apples (green) per lb..... 05

Onions, per lb..... 05

Cheese..... 18

Bacon..... 12½ to 17

Lard..... 12½ to 15

Butter (creamery)..... 20

Eggs, per doz..... 20

Corn, per bushel..... 60